

CURRICULUM FOR THREE YEAR
(SIX SEMESTER)
DIPLOMA COURSE IN

=====
: TEXTILE ENGINEERING :
: Effective from Session :
=====

=====
:Semester System :
=====

Prepared By

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: Curriculum Development Cell :
=====

INSTITUTE OF RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT
& TRAINING, U.P., KANPUR

APPROVED BY

=====
: BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION :
: U.P. LUCKNOW, :
:CORRECTED AS SYLLABUS COMMITTEE OF:
: B.T.E. MEETING HELD ON 20.03.2018:
=====

STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME FOR
THREE YEARS (SIX SEMESTER) DIPLOMA COURSE IN
TEXTILE ENGINEERING

(To Be Effective From)

I Semester (Common With Textile Chemistry & Textile Technology)

Curriculum						Scheme of Examination																
Periods Per Week						Theory					Practical					Grand						
Le	Tut	Dr	Lab	Work	Tot	Examination	Sess.	Total	Examination	Sess.	Total	Total	Tot									
c.	ori	aw	Shop	al		Dur.	Marks		Dur.	Marks		Marks	Marks									
al													al									
4	-	-	-	-	4	1.1	Foundational Communicaton	2.5	50	20	70	-	-	70								
3	1	-	-	-	4	1.2	Applied Mathematics-I(A)	2.5	50	20	70	-	-	70								
3	1	-	-	-	4	1.3	Applied Physics-I	2.5	50	20	70	-	-	70								
6	-	-	4	-	10	1.4	General Mechanical Engg.	2.5	50	20	70	3	40	20	60	130						
-	-	-	14	-	14	1.5	Engineering Drawing	3.0	50	20	70	-	-	-	-	70						
16	2	14	4	-	36	<-----TOTAL----->					--	250	100	350		40	20	60	410			
Games/NCC/Social and Cultural Activities + Discipline (15 + 10)																	25					
TOTAL																						435

II Semester

3	1	-	-	-	4	2.1	Applied Mathematics-I(B)	2.5	50	20	70	-	-	-	-	70						
3	1	-	4	-	8	2.2	Applied Physics-II	2.5	50	20	70	3	40	20	60	130						
6	-	-	4	-	10	2.3	Applied Chemistry	2.5	50	20	70	3	40	20	60	130						
3	-	-	2	-	5	2.4	Textile Fibres	2.5	50	20	70	3	60	30	90	160						
2	-	-	5	-	7	2.5	Introduction To Computer	--	--	--	--	3	60	30	90	90						
-	-	-	-	14	14	2.6	Workshop Practice	--	--	--	--	4	60	30	90	90						
17	2	-	15	14	48	<-----TOTAL----->					--	200	80	280		260	130	390	670			
Games/NCC/Social and Cultural Activities + Discipline (15 + 10)																	25					
TOTAL																						695

- NOTE:-
- (1) Each period will be 50 minutes duration.
 - (2) Each session will be of 16 weeks.
 - (3) Effective teaching will be at least 14 weeks.
 - (4) Remaining periods will be utilised for revision etc.

STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME FOR
THREE YEARS (SIX SEMESTER) DIPLOMA COURSE IN TEXTILE ENGINEERING
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III Semester

Curriculum						Scheme of Examination													
Periods Per Week						Theory					Practical			Grand					
Le	Tut	Dr	Lab	Work	Tot	Examination	Sess.	Total	Examination	Sess.	Total	Total	Tot						
c.	ori	aw	Shop	al		Dur.	Marks		Dur.	Marks		Marks	Marks						
al																			
5	-	-	2	-	7	3.1	Electrical Technology & Electronics	2.5	50	20	70	3	40	20	60	130			
6	-	-	4	-	10	3.2	Yarn Technology -I	2.5	50	20	70	3	40	20	60	130			
6	-	-	4	-	10	3.3	Yarn Technology -II	2.5	50	20	70	--	40	20	60	130			
6	-	-	4	-	10	3.4	Fabric Technology -I	2.5	50	20	70	--	40	20	60	130			
6	-	-	4	-	10	3.5	Fabric Technology-II	2.5	50	20	70	--	40	20	60	130			
29	-	-	18	-	47	<-----TOTAL----->					--	250	100	350	--	200	100	300	650
													Games/NCC/Social and Cultural Activity/Community Development+Discipline (15+10)			25			
													Aggregate			675			

IV Semester

4	-	-	-	-	4	4.1	Functional Communicaton	2.5	50	20	70	-	--	--	--	70			
4	-	-	-	-	4	4.1	Industrial Safety	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70			
4	2	-	6	-	12	4.2	Textile Testing	2.5	50	20	70	6	40	20	60	130			
6	-	-	-	-	6	4.4	Textile Chemical Processing	2.5	50	20	70	-	-	-	-	70			
4	2	-	4	-	10	4.5	Introduction To Knitting and Garment Technology	2.5	50	20	70	6	40	20	60	130			
5	2	-	-	-	7	4.6	Computer Aided Design	2.5	50	20	70	-	--	--	--	70			
3	-	-	2	-	5	4.7	Energy Conservation	2.5	50	20	70	3	20	10	30	100			
30	6	-	12	-	48	<-----TOTAL----->					--	350	140	490	--	100	50	150	640
													Games/NCC/Social and Cultural Activity/Community Development+Discipline (15+10)			25			
													Aggregate			665			

- NOTE:-
- (1) Each session will be of 16 weeks.
 - (2) Effective teaching will be at least 14 weeks.
 - (3) Remaining periods will be utilised for revision etc.
 - (4) 6 weeks structured and supervised, branch specific, task oriented

industrial/field exposure to be organised after IV Semester.

Student will submit a report. There will be 150 marks for this exposure.

These marks will be awarded by project examiner in the VI Semester.

(Examination marks :100, Sess. marks : 50). See Annexure - II.

- (5) Field visit and extension lectures are to be organised and managed well in advance at institute level as per need.

STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME FOR
THREE YEARS (SIX SEMESTER) DIPLOMA COURSE IN
TEXTILE ENGINEERING

(To Be Effective From)

V Semester

Curriculum						Scheme of Examination									
Periods Per Week						Theory					Practical			Grand	
Lec.	Tut.	Dr.	Lab.	Work	Tot.	Examination	Sess.	Total	Examination	Sess.	Total	Tot.	Tot.		
c.	ori	aw	Shop	al		Dur.	Marks	Marks	Marks	Dur.	Marks	Marks	al		
-	-	-	4	-	4	5.1 Integrative Communicaton	--	--	--	--	3	40	20	60	60
6	2	-	-	-	8	5.2 Industrial Management & Entrepreneurship Development	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
6	2	-	-	-	8	5.3 Fabric Structure & Analysis	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
8	-	-	-	-	8	5.4 Yarn Technology -III	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
8	-	-	-	-	8	5.5 Fabric Technology -III	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
8	-	-	-	-	8	5.6 Technical Textile	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
36	4	-	4	-	44	<-----TOTAL----->	--	250	100	350	--	40	20	60	410
													Games/NCC/Social and Cultural Activity/Community Development+Discipline (15+10)	25	
													Aggregate	435	

VI Semester

4	-	-	-	-	4	6.1 Environmental Education(*) & Disaster Management	2.5	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
6	-	-	4	-	10	6.2 Advance Fabric Structure	2.5	50	20	70	6	40	20	60	130
8	4	-	-	-	12	6.3 Principle And Design of Spinning Machine	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
8	4	-	-	-	12	6.4 Principle And Design of Weaving Machine	2.5	50	20	70	--	--	--	--	70
-	-	-	-	8	8	6.5 Project	--	--	--	--	VIVA	100	50	150	150
-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6 Industrial Training-4 Week	--	--	--	--	VIVA	100	40	140	140
26	8	-	4	8	42	<-----TOTAL----->	--	150	60	210	--	240	100	350	560
													Games/NCC/Social and Cultural Activity/Community Development+Discipline (15+10)	25	
													Aggregate	585	
													30% Carry Over of I & II.	339	
													70% Carry Over of III & IV	938	
													100% Carry Over of V & VI	1020	
													Grand Total	2297	

NOTE:-

- (1) Each period will of be 50 minutes duration.
- (2) Each session will be of 32 weeks.
- (3) Effective teaching will be at least 25 weeks.
- (4) Remaining periods will be utilised for revision etc.
- (5) Each group of 2 to 3 students may choose one problem from the project paper.
- (6) Field visits and Extension lectures at institute level as per need be arranged.
- (7) *-After the examination of IV Semester each student will go for Industrial Training of 4 weeks and will submit report duely forwarded by the supervising officer of the concerned industry for assesment by a pannel consisting of one internal examiner and one external.
- (8) (*) It is compulsory to appear & to pass in examination, But marks will not be included for division and percentage of obtained marks.

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MAIN FEATURES OF THE CURRICULUM

TITLE OF THE COURSE : Diploma in Textile Engineering
DURATION : Three Years (Six Semester)
PATTERN OF THE COURSE : Semester System
INTAKE : 60
TYPE OF COURSE : Full Time
ENTRY QUALIFICATION : Passed High School With 35% Marks
MODE OF ADMISSION : Through Joint Entrance Examination

LIST OF EXPERTS

List of experts who contributed in the development of the curriculum in Semester System for the Three year (Six Semester) Diploma Textile Engineering at I.R.D.T., U.P., Kanpur on 23-01-18 And 09-20-2018 are honorable named below :

1. Shri Mahendra Uttam Associate Prof., UPTTI, Kanpur
2. Shri A.K.S. Gangwar Associate Prof., UPTTI, Kanpur
3. Shri R. K. Gupta H.O.D./Principal, Govt. Poly., Furrakhabad
4. Shri Pankaj Yadav Assistant Director, D.T.E., Kanpur
5. Shri R. K. Srivastava H.O.D.
Govt. Girls Poly., Allahabad
6. Shri D. K. Verma Deputy Director, D.T.E., Kanpur
7. Shri Grish Verma Retd. Assistant Director, NITRA, Kanpur
8. Shri Rahul Singh Lecturer, Govt. Poly., Kanpur
9. Smt. Anubha Gupta Lecturer, G. P., Kanpur
10. Shri Yogesh Singh Professor, I.R.D.T.U.P., Kanpur

LIST OF EXPERTS

A Curriculum Workshop for Development of Curriculum on the Subject “Energy Conservation” was held on 22nd January, 2018 at NITTTR, Chandigarh. The following participated in the workshop:-

S. No.	Name, Designation and Official address
From Field/Industries/Institutions of Higher Learning	
1.	Shri Jotinder Singh, Engineer-in-Chief(Retd.) Punjab State Power Corpn. Ltd.(PSPCL), Punjab
2.	Shri Punit Sharma, Asstt.General Manager, Electrical & Energy Management, Godrej Appliances Ltd. Mohali, Punjab
3.	Ms. Anu Singla, Associate Professor, Chitkara University, Rajpura, Punjab
4.	Shri Girish Kumar, UP New and Renewable Energy Development Authority (UPNEDA), Lucknow, U.P.
5.	Sh. Lal Ji Patel, TBO/ CDC Officer, IRDT Kanpur, U.P.
6.	Shri Ravinder Kumar, Research Assistant, IRDT, Kanpur, U.P.
From NITTTR, Chandigarh	
7.	Dr. AB Gupta, Professor & Head, Curriculum Development Centre, Coordinator

**1.1 FOUNDATIONAL COMMUNICATION
SECTION "A" (ENGLISH)**

L T P
4 - -

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
Section A English				
1.	PARTS OF SPEECH	12	-	-
2.	VOCABULARY BUILDING	05	-	-
3.	Grammar	15	-	-
4.	DEVELOPMENT OF EXPRESSION (Composition)	12	-	-
Section B Hindi				
5.	Topic 5	2	-	-
6.	Topic 6	5	-	-
7.	Topic 7	5	-	-
56		-	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. **PARTS OF SPEECH :**
 - a. Noun
 - b. The pronoun : Kinds and Usage
 - c. The adjective : Kinds and Degree
 - d. Determiner : Articles
 - e. The verb : Kinds
 - f. The Adverb : Kinds, Degree and Usage
 - g. Prepositions
 - h. Conjunctions
 - i. The Interjections
 - j. Subject: Verb Agreement (Concord)
2. **VOCABULARY BUILDING :**
 - a. Antonyms and Synonyms
 - b. Homophones

- c. One word substitutions
- d. Idioms and Phrases
- e. Abbreviations

3. **Grammar**

- a. Sentence & its types
- a. Tenses
- b. Punctuations
- c. Active and Passive voice
- d. Transformation of Sentences
- e. Synthesis of Sentences
- f. Direct and Indirect Narrations

4. **DEVELOPMENT OF EXPRESSION (Composition) :**

- a. Paragraph Writing
- b. Essay Writing
- c. Proposal Writing
- d. Letter Writing (Formal, Informal, Business, official
etc.)
- f. Report Writing
- g. Note Making
- h. News Making
- i. Application Writing
- j. Minute Writing
- k. Invitation Letter Writing

SECTION "B" (Hindi)

- 5- संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण, क्रिया विशेषण, वर्ण समास, संधि, अलंकार, रस, उपसर्ग प्रत्यय।
- 6- पत्र लेखन, निविदा संविदा, दर आमंत्रण (कोटेशन) अपील, स्वतन्त्र अभिव्यक्ति, प्रतिवेदन लेखन, प्रेस विज्ञप्ति।
- 7- वाक्य/वाक्यांश के लिए शब्द, पर्यायवाची या समानार्थी शब्द, विलोम शब्द, अनेकार्थी शब्द, शब्दयुग्म या समुच्चारित शब्द समूह, वाक्य शुद्धि (शुद्ध अशुद्ध वाक्य), मुहावरे एवं लोकोक्तियाँ।

1.2 APPLIED MATHEMATICS I(A)
[Common to All Engineering Courses]

L T P
3 2/2 -

Rationale:

The study of mathematics is an important requirement for the understanding and development of any branch of engineering. The purpose of teaching mathematics to diploma engineering students is to impart them basic knowledge of mathematics which is needed for full understanding and study of engineering subjects.

S.N. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Algebra- I	8	3	-
2.	Algebra- II	8	3	-
3.	Trigonometry	6	2	-
4.	Differential Calculus-I	10	3	-
5.	Differential Calculus-II	10	3	-
		42	14	-

DETAILED CONTENTS:

1. ALGEBRA-I : (10 Marks)
 - 1.1 Series : AP and GP; Sum, nth term, Mean
 - 1.2 Binomial theorem for positive, negative and fractional index
(without proof). Application of Binomial theorem.
 - 1.3 Determinants : Elementary properties of determinant of order 2 and 3, Multiplication system of algebraic equation, Consistency of equation, Crammer's rule
2. ALGEBRA-II:(10 Marks)

- 2.1 Vector algebra : Dot and Cross product, Scaler and vector triple product.
- 2.2 Complex number.
Complex numbers, Representation, Modulus and amplitude
Demoivre theorem, its application in solving algebraic equations, Mod. function and its properties..
3. TRIGONOMETRY :(8 Marks)
- 3.1 Relation between sides and angles of a triangle :
Statement of various formulae showing relation ship between sides and angle of a triangle.
- 3.2 Inverse circular functions : Simple case only
4. DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS - I : (12 Marks)
- 4.1 Functions, limits, continuity, - functions and their graphs,
range and domain, elementary methods of finding limits (right and left), elementary test for continuity and differentiability.
- 4.2 Methods of finding derivative, - Function of a function,
Logaritimic differentiation, Differentiation of implicit functions.
5. DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS -II :(10 Marks)
- 5.1 Higher order derivatives, Leibnitz theorem.
- 5.2 Special functions (Exponential, Logarithmic, Inverse circular and function), Definition, Graphs, range and Domain and Derivations of each of these functions.
- 5.3 Application - Finding Tangants, Normal, Points of

Maxima/Minima, Increasing/Decreasing functions,
Rate,
Measure, velocity, Acceleration, Errors and approximation.

1.3 APPLIED PHYSICS-I

[Common to All Engineering Courses]

L T P
3 2/2 -

Rationale:

Engineering physics is a foundation Course. Its purpose is to develop proper understanding of physical phenomenon and scientific temper in the students. While teaching the subject, teachers should make maximum use of demonstrations to make the subject interesting to the students.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No.	Topics	L	T	P
1.	Units & Dimensions	3	1	-
2.	Errors in Measurement	3	1	-
3.	Circular Motion	4	1	-
4.	Motion of Planets	4	1	-
5.	Dynamics of rigid body (Rotational Motion)	5	1	-
6.	Fluid Mechanics and Friction	4	1	-
7.	Friction	4	1	-
8.	Harmonic Motion	5	2	-
9.	Heat & Thermodynamics	6	4	-
10.	Acoustics	4	1	-
Total		42	14	-

DETAILED CONTENTS:

1. Units and Dimensions (4 Marks)

S.I. Units & Dimensions of physical quantities, Dimensional formula and dimensional equation. Principle of homogeneity of dimensions and applications of homogeneity principle to:

- i) Checking the correctness of physical equations,
- ii) Deriving relations among various physical quantities,
- iii) Conversion of numerical values of physical quantities from one system of units into another. Limitations of dimensional analysis.

2. ERRORS AND MEASUREMENT (4 Marks)

Errors in measurements, accuracy and precision, random and systematic errors, estimation of probable errors in the results of measurement (Combination of errors in addition, subtraction, multiplication and powers). Significant figures, and order of accuracy in respect to instruments,

3. Circular Motion (5 Marks)

Central forces. Uniform Circular motion (Horizontal and Vertical cases), angular velocity, angular acceleration and centripetal acceleration. Relationship between linear and angular velocity and acceleration. Centripetal and centrifugal forces. Practical applications of centripetal forces. Principle of centrifuge.

4. MOTION OF PLANETS AND SATELLITES : (5 Marks)

Gravitational force, Acceleration due to gravity and its variation w.r. to height and depth from earth, Kepler's Law, Escape and orbital velocity, Time period of satellite, Geo-stationary, Polar satellites (Concept Only)

5. Dynamics of Rigid Body (Rotational Motion) (6 Marks)

Rigid body, Rotational motion, Moment of inertia, Theorems (Perpendicular and Parallel axis) of moment

of inertia (Statement). Expression of M.I. of regular bodies (Lamina, Sphere, Disc, Cylindercal), Concept of Radius of gyration, angular momentum, Conservation of angular momentum, Torque, Rotational kinetic energy. Rolling of sphere on the slant plane . Concept of Fly wheel.

6. Fluid Mechanics :(5 Marks)

Surface tension, Capillary action and determination of surface tension from capillary rise method, Equation of continuity ($A_1V_1=A_2V_2$), Bernoulli's theorem, and its application stream line and Turbulent flow, Reynold's number.

7. Friction :(4 Marks)

Introduction, Physical significance of friction, Advantage and disadvantage of friction and its role in every day life. Coefficients of static and dynamic friction and their measurements. viscosity, coeff. of viscosity, & its determination by stoke's method.

8. Harmonic Motion (6 Marks)

Periodic Motion , characterstics of simple harmonic motion; equation of S.H.M. and determination of velocity and acceleration. Graphical representation. Spring-mass system. Simple pendulum. Derivation of its periodic time. Energy conservation in S.H.M.. Concept of phase, phase difference, Definition of free, forced, undamped and damped vibrations, Resonance and its sharpness, Q-factor.

9. Heat & Thermodynamics: (6 Marks)

Modes of heat transfer (Conduction, Convection and Radiation), coefficient of thermal conductivity Isothermal and adiabatic process. Zeroth First, Second Law of Thermodynamics and Carnot cycle, Heat Engine (Concept Only).

10. Acoustics (5 Marks)
Definition of pitch, loudness, quality and intensity of sound waves. Echo, reverberation and reverberation time. Sabine's formula without Derivation. Control of reverberation time (problems on reverberation time).
Accoustics of building defects and remedy.

1.3 GENERAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

L T P
6 - 4

Rationale

For every practising engineer some knowledge of Mechanical Engineering relevant to his discipline is a must. This paper is meant to provide the would be textile technologists elements of mechanical engineering relevant to their work.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Foundations and Installation	8	-	-
2.	Pipe and Pipe Fittings	8	-	-
3.	Bearings and Lubrications	8	-	-
4.	Power Transmission and Material Handling	8	-	-
5.	Couplings, Clutches, Eccentrics and Camps	8	-	-
6.	Fules and Combustion	9	-	-
7.	Thermodynamics	8	-	-
8.	Steam Generation and Steam Generators	8	-	-
9.	Pumps and Air Compressors	8	-	-
10.	Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning	8	-	-
		84	-	56

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. FOUNDATIONS AND INSTALLATIONS:

General principles and considerations for machine foundations, vibrations in machine foundations. Layout of foundation bolts, alignment of machines care and precautions to be used in installation of machines, introduction to Indian Standards on machine foundations. Practice in printreading for installtions.

2. PIPE AND PIPE FITTINGS:

Classification of pipes according to materials used, field of application, IS specifications of water, air and steam pipes, various types of pipe fittings and their applications, laying of pipes, cuttings threading and jointing of pipes.

3. BEARINGS AND LUBRICATION:

Various kinds of bearings, bush bearing, ball and roller bearing, thrust bearing and their application in textile machineries. Principle of film lubrication. Various methods of lubrication, lubricants and their properties. Selection of lubricants for various textile machineries.

4. POWER TRANSMISSION & MATERIAL HANDLING:

- (a) Different types of Trolleys used in process house.
- (b) Belt and gear drive.

Types of gears, spur gear, bevel gear, helical gear, worm and worm wheel, rack and pinion.

Power transmission by belt, chain and gears. Gear drive, application of various kinds of gears and drives in textile machinery. Variable speed drives.

5. COUPLINGS, CLUTCHES, ECCENTRICS AND CAMS:

Necessity of coupling, types of couplings, rigid and flexible couplings, universal coupling, fluid coupling. Introduction to common types of clutches, eccentrics and cams, their function and use.

6. FUELS AND COMBUSTION :

Common solid, liquid and gas fuels. Their composition, higher and lower calorific values. Calculation of air required for complete combustion of unit mass/volume. Concept of excess air in boiler furnace combustion. Heat carried away by flue gases. Flue gas analysis by Orsat apparatus. (Simple Numerical Problems)

Idea of specific properties of liquid fuels such as knock resistance (Cetane and Octane numbers). Flash point, Flame point, Solidification point.

7. THERMODYNAMICS:

Concept of thermodynamic systems and surroundings, Work and its relation to heat. First law of thermodynamics and its application to Constant volume, Constant pressure, Constant temperature and adiabatic processes in dealing with gases and vapours. Representation of these processes in P. V. diagram, calculation of work done. Second law of thermodynamics. Concept of enthalpy, entropy of thermodynamic system. Concept of Heat engine, Heat pump and refrigerator. Carnot cycle efficiency of heat engine, coefficient of performance of refrigerator and heat pump. Steady state flow process. Its equation and application.

8. STEAM GENERATION AND STEAM GENERATORS:

Idea of steam generation from water at 0°C. Pressure and temperature curve of steam generation. Idea of wet, dry saturated and super heated steam. Saturation pressure, temperature, degree of super heat, Enthalpy, Entropy and specific volume of wet, dry saturated and super heated

steam. Use of steam tables for simple calculations.
Introduction to water tube, fire tube boilers e.

g.

Lancashire, Babcock Wilcox, Cochran and Simple vertical boilers. Boilers mountings and accessories. Steam traps, Reducers, Expansion bends. Boilers specification. Equivalent evaporation, Boiler efficiency, Draught, Chimney height, Conditions for maximum draught through chimney. Measurement of steam consumption. Simple numerical problems.

9. PUMPS & AIR COMPRESSORS:

Elementary knowledge of working of reciprocating, Centrifugal and Vacuum pumps, Blowers and Compressors, Fans and Exhausts.

Difference between reciprocating and rotary compressors.

Their types and working, Single stage and Multi stage compressors. Power required to drive single stage compressor. Volumetric efficiency and effect of temperature on it. Use of compressed in textile industry.

10. REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING:

Meaning of the term refrigeration. Its application, Unit. Refrigeration methods. Bell Coleman air cycle, air refrigerator, Vapour compression refrigeration. Analysis of simple saturated cycle for vapour compression refrigerator.

Characteristics of good refrigerants. Properties of common refrigerants such as NH₃, CO₂, SO₂, F-12.

Air Conditioning:

Meaning of the term and its application. Gas and vapour

mixture. Dry and wet bulb temperature, Dew-point, Depression of wet bulb temperature and Depression of Dew-point. Saturated air, specific humidity, relative humidity, Absolute humidity. Humid specific volume, Heat enthalpy of moist air. Use of psychrometric charts and tables. Sensible heating and cooling. Humadification. Dehumadification and their methods.

Air conditioning for human comfort. Air conditioning, for summer and winter. Air conditioning round the year, Psychrometric air conditioning. Industrial air conditioning.

GENERAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING-LAB

- A. Demonstration of the following for study and sketch.
1. (a) Bio Gas Plant.
(b) Wind Mill.
(c) Solar Cooker.
(d) Voltaic Cell Type Soalr Energy Converter.
 2. Key's, Key ways and Splined shaft e.g. Jib head key, Flat key, Saddle key, Woodruff key, Feather key, Pin key, Splined shaft.
 3. Pins- Split pin, Taper cotter type split pin, Cottor pin, Cottor bolts. Foundations Bolts- Lewis rag bolt, Fish tail bolt and Square head bolt.
 4. Friction clutch and Coupling- Cone cluch, Plate cluch (Single Pair); Muffcoupling, Flange coupling, Universal or Hook's joint coupling. Flexible coupling- Belt and Pin Type, Coil spring type.
 5. Bearings- Plane, Bush, Split step bearings, Ball Roller bearings, Thrust bearings.
 6. Gears- Spur gear, Single and Double herical gears, Bevel gears.
 7. Gear Trains- Simple spur gear train, Compound gear train, Epicyclic gear train.
 8. Compressor and Tension helical springs.
 9. Slider Crank Mechanism and Quick Return Mechanism.

Performance Practicals:

10. Deterimination of velocity ratio of a spur gear train.
11. Velocity diagram of a four bar chain mechanism.
12. Performance evaluation of solar cooker.

NOTE:-

Field visits are recommended for equipments not available in the institution such as biogas plant, wind mill, Boilers. No need to purchase them. Models of Boilers may be procured for study purpose.

1.6 ENGINEERING DRAWING

[Common to Three years Diploma Course in Civil
Engg.,
Electrical Engg., Chemical Engg., Dairy, Ceramic,
Textile
Technology, Textile Chemistry]

[Also Common to Four year Part-time Diploma Course
in
Electrical Engineering, Mechanical
Engineering
(Specilization in Production Engineering)]

[Also common to First year Diploma Course in
Chemical
Technology : (1) Fertilizer Technology, (2) Rubber
and
Plastic Technology]

L	T	P
4	-	10

Rationale

Drawing, which is known as the language of
engineers,
is a widely used means of communication among the designers,
engineers, technicians, draftmen and craftsmen in
the
industry. The translation of ideas into practice without
the
use of this graphic language is really beyond
imagination.
Thus, for the effective and efficient communication among
all
those involved in an industrial system, it becomes
necessary
that the perosnnel working in different capacities
acquire
appropriate skills in the use of this graphic language
in
varying degrees of proficiency in accordance with their
job
requirements.

Generally speaking, an engineering technician
working
at the middle level of the threetier technical
manpower
spectrum, is required to read and interpret the designs
and
drawings, provided to him by technologists and subsequently
to
translate them to the craftsmen for actual execution of
the
job.

This course in Engineering Drawing has been designed, keeping in view, the above referred job functions of a technician in the industry. This preliminary course aims at building a foundation for the further courses in drawing and other allied subjects. The contents of the course have been selected as to form a core for the various diversified fields of engineering. It is expected that at the end of this session, the students acquires sufficient skill drafting and some ability in spetial visualization of simple objects.

Sl.N.	Units	Coverage Time		
		L	T	P
1.	Drawing Instruents and their use	5	-	4
2.	A. Lettering techniques	3	-	16
	B. Introduction to scales	2	-	8
3.	Conventional Presentation	5	-	8
4.	A. Principles of projections	3	-	12
	B. Point Line, Plane	2	-	28
5.	Orthographic projection of simple geometrical solids	5	-	12
6.	Section of Solids	5	-	20
7.	Isometric Projection	5	-	20
8.	Free Hand Sketching	5	-	8
9.	Development of surfaces	5	-	24
10.	Orthographics Projection of Machine Parts	5	-	12
11.	Practice on Auto Cad	6	-	24
		56	-	140

C O N T E N T S

NOTE : Latest Indian Standards Code of Practice to be followed.

1.	Drawing, instruments and their uses.	1
Sheet		
1.1	Introduction to various drawing, instruments.	1

- 1.2 Correct use and care of Instruments.
- 1.3 Sizes of drawing sheets and their layouts.
2. (a) Lettering Techniques 2 Sheet
- single Printing of vertical and inclined, normal stroke capital letters.
- single Printing of vertical and inclined normal stroke numbers.
- Stencils and their use.
- (b) Introduction to Scales 2 Sheet
- Necesssity and use, R F
- Types of scales used in general engineering drawing. Plane, diagonal and chord scales.
3. Conventional Presentaion : 1 Sheet
- Thread (Internal and External), Welded joint, Types of lines, Conventional representation of materials, Conventional representation of machine parts.
4. (a) Principles of Projection 1 Sheet
- Orthographic, Pictorial and perspective.
- Concept of horizontal and vertical planes.
- Difference between I and III angle projections.
- Dimensconing techniques.
- (b) Projections of points, lines and planes. 1 Sheet
- 5 (a) Orthographic Projections of Simple Geometrical Solids 2 Sheet
- reference Edge and axis making given angles with the reference planes. Face making given angles with planes. Face and its edge making given angles with

- referance planes.
- (b) Orthographic views of simple composite solids
from their isometric views.
- (c) Exercises on missing surfaces and views
6. Section of Solids 2 Sheet
- Concept of sectioning
- the Cases involving cutting plane parallel to one of
reference planes and prependicular to the others.
- of Cases involving cutting plane perpendicular to one
plane, the reference planes and inclind to the others
true shape of the section
7. Isometric Projection. 2 Sheet
- Isometric scale
- Isometric projection of solids.
8. Free hand sketching 1 Sheet
- Use of squared paper
- Orthographic views of simple solids
- Isometric views of simple job like
carpentary joints
9. Development of Surfaces 2 Sheet
- of Parallel line and radial line methods
developments.
- Development of simple and truncated surfaces (Cube,
prism, cylinder, cone and pyramid).
10. ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF MACHINE PARTS: 2 Sheet
- Nut and Bolt, Locking device, Wall bracket
11. PRACTICE ON AUTO CAD : 2 Sheet

Concept of AutoCAD, Tool bars in AutoCAD, Coordinate System, Snap, Grid and Ortho mode. Drawing Command - Point, Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse. Editing Commands - Scale, Erase, Copy, Stretch, Lengthen and Explode. Dimensioning and Placing text in drawing area. Sectioning and hatching. Inquiry for different parameters of drawing.

NOTE :

- A. The drawing should include dimension with tolerance wherever necessary, material list according to I.S. code. 25% of the drawing sheet should be drawn in first angle projection and rest 75% drawing sheet should be in third angle figure
- B. Practice on AutoCAD latest software is to be done in AutoCAD lab of Mechanical Engineering Department of the Institute.

II Semester

2.1 APPLIED MATHEMATICS I (B)
[Common to All Engineering Courses]

L T P
3 2/2 -

Rationale:

The study of mathematics is an important requirement for the understanding and development of any branch of engineering. The purpose of teaching mathematics to diploma engineering students is to impart them basic knowledge of mathematics which is needed for full understanding and study of engineering subjects.

S.N. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Integral Calculus-I	12	4	-
2.	Integral Calculus-II	12	4	-
3.	Coordinate Geometry (2 Dimensional)	10	3	-
4.	Coordinate Geometry (3 Dimensional)	8	3	-
<hr/>		42	14	-

DETAILED CONTENTS:

1. INTEGRAL CALCULUS - I : (14 Marks)
Methods of Indefinite Integration :-
 - 1.1 Integration by substitution.
 - 1.2 Integration by rational function.
 - 1.3 Integration by partial fraction.
 - 1.4 Integration by parts.
2. INTEGRAL CALCULUS -II :(14 Marks)

- 2.1 Meaning and properties of definite integrals, Evaluation of definite integrals. Integration of special function.
- 2.2 Application : Finding areas bounded by simple curves, Length of simple curves, Volume of solids of revolution, centre of mean of plane areas.
- 2.3 Simposns 1/3rd and Simposns3/8th rule and Trapezoidal Rule : their application in simple cases.
3. CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY (2 DIMENSION):(14 Marks)
- 3.1 CIRCLE :
- Equation of circle in standard form. Centre - Radius form, Diameter form, Two intercept form.
- 3.2 Standard form and simple properties
- Parabola $x^2=4ay$, $y^2=4ax$,
- Ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}=1$
- Hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2}=1$
4. CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY (3 DIMENSION):(8 Marks)
- 4.1 Straight lines and planes in space -
- Distance between two points in space, direction cosine and direction ratios, Finding equation of a straight line and Plane (Different Forms),
- 4.2 Sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2gx + 2fy + 2wz=d$ (Radius, Centre and General Equation)

2.2 APPLIED PHYSICS-II

[Common to All Engineering Courses]

L T P
3 2/2 4

Rationale:

Engineering physics is a foundation Course. Its purpose is to develop proper understanding of physical phenomenon and scientific temper in the students. While teaching the subject, teachers should make maximum use of demonstrations to make the subject interesting to the students.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No.	Topics	L	T	P
1.	Optics	4	1	-
2.	Introduction To Fiber Optics	4	1	-
3.	Laser & its Application	4	1	-
4.	Electrostatics	4	1	-
5.	D.C. Circuits	4	1	-
6.	Magnetic Materials & Their Properties	4	1	-
7.	Semi Conductor Physics	4	1	-
8.	Introduction Diode & Transistors	4	2	-
9.	Introduction To Digital Electronics	4	2	-
10.	Non-conventional energy sources	6	3	-
—		42	14	56

1. Optics (4 Marks)

Nature of light, Laws of Reflection and Refraction, Snell's Law, Interference (Constructive and Destructive), Diffraction and Polarization (Concept Only), Law of Malus and Polaroids.

2. Introduction To Fibre Optics :(5 Marks)

Critical angle, Total internal reflection, Principle of fibre optics, Optical fibre, Pulse dispersion in step-index fibres, Graded index fibre, Single mode fibre, Optical sensor.

3. Lasers and its Applications (4 Marks)

Absorbtion and Emission of energy by atom, Spontaneous and Stimulated Emission, Poluation inversion, Main component of laser and types of laser- Ruby Laser, He-Ne laser and their applications. Introduction to MASER.

4. Electrostatics :(4 Marks)

Coutomb's Law, Electric field, Electric potential, Potential energy, Capacator, Energy of a charged capacitor, Effect of dielectric on capacators.

5. D.C. Circuits (5 Marks)

Ohm's Law, Kirchoff's Law and their simple application, Principle of Wheat Stone bridge and application of this principle in measurement of resistance (Meter bridge and Post Office Box); Carey Foster's bridge, potentiometer.

6. Magnetic Materials and Their Properties: (5 Marks)

Dia, Para and Ferro-magnetism, Ferrites, Magnatic Hysteresis Curve and its utility. Basic idea of super conductivity, Meissner's effect.

7. Semiconductor Physics (4 Marks)

Concept of Energy bands in soldis, classification of solids

into conductors, insulators and semiconductors on the basis of energy band structure. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Electrons and holes as charge carriers in semiconductors, P-type and N-type semiconductors.

8. Junction Diode and Transister : (6 Marks)

Majority and Minority charge carriers, P-N junction formation, barrier voltage, Forward and reverse biasing of a junction diode, P-N junction device characteristics, Formation of transistor, transistor-action, Base, emitter and collector currents and their relationship LED's.

9. Introduction To Digital Electronics : (6 Marks)

Concept of binary numbers, Interconversion from binary to decimal and decimal to binary. Concepts of Gates (AND, NOT, OR).

10. Non-conventional energy sources: (7 Marks)

(a) Wind energy : Introduction, scope and significance, measurement of wind velocity by anemometer, general principle of wind mill.

(b) Solar energy: Solar radiation and potentiality of solar radiation in India, uses of solar energy: Solar Cooker, solar water heater, solar photovoltaic cells, solar energy collector.

PHYSICS LAB

Note: Any 4 experiments are to be performed.

1. Determination of coefficient of friction on a horizontal plane.
2. Determination of 'g' by plotting a graph T² verses l and using
the formula $g = 4\pi^2 / \text{Slope of the graph line}$
3. Determine the force constant of combination of springs
in case
of 1. Series 2. Parallel.
4. To verify the series and parallel combination of
Resistances
with the help of meter bridge.
5. To determine the velocity of sound with the help of
resonance
tube.
6. Determination of viscosity coefficient of a lubricant by
Stoke's law.
7. Determination of E₁/E₂ of cells by potentiometer.
8. Determination of specific resistance by Carry Foster
bridge.
9. Determination of resistivity by P.O.Box.
10. Verification of Kirchoff's Law.
11. To draw Characteristics of p-n Junction diode.
12. To measure instantaneous and average wind velocity by
indicating cup type anemometer/hand held anemometer.

NOTE :

Students should be asked to plot a graph in
experiments
(where possible) and graph should be used for calculation
of
results. Results should be given in significant
figures
only.

2.3 APPLIED CHEMISTRY

[Common to All Engineering Courses]

L T P
6 - 4

Rationale:

Engineering Chemistry has profound and deep relationship with the industrial and environmental technology. This curriculum intends to impart technical knowledge alongwith productive practice to the students of the diploma engineering. The teachers are expected to guide the students in the classroom and the laboratories according to the curriculum by demonstrations and by showing relevant materials and equipments to inculcate interests in learning among students.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No.	Topics	L	T	P
1.	Atomic Structure	4	-	-
2.	Chemical Bonding	6	-	-
3.	Classification of Elements	4	-	-
4.	Electro Chemistry-I	7	-	-
5.	Electro Chemistry-II	8	-	-
6.	Chemical Kinetics	4	-	-
7.	Catalysis	4	-	-
8.	Solid State	4	-	-
9.	Fuels	4	-	-
10.	Water Treatment	6	-	-
11.	Colloidal State	4	-	-
12.	Lubricants	4	-	-
13.	Hydrocarbons	7	-	-
14.	Organic Reactions & Mechanism	8	-	-
15.	Polymers	4	-	-
16.	Synthetic Materials	6	-	-
		84	-	56

DETAILED CONTENTS:

1. ATOMIC STRUCTURE : (3 MARKS)

Basic concept of atomic structure, Matter wave concept, Quantum number, Haiseberg's Uncertainty Principle, Shaples of orbitals.

2. CHEMICAL BONDING : (4 MARKS)

Covalent bond, Ionic & Co-ordinate, Hydrogen bonding, Valence bond theory, Hybridisation, VSEPR theory, Molecular orbital theory.

3. CLASSIFICATION OF ELEMENTS : (3 MARKS)

Modern classification of elements (s,p,d and f blcok elements), Periodic properties : Ionisation potential electro negativity, Electron affinity.

4. ELECTRO CHEMISTRY-I: (3 MARKS)

Arrhenius Theory of electrolytic dissociation, Transport number, Electrolytic conductance, Ostwald dilution law. Concept of Acid and bases : Bronsted, Arrhenius and Lewis theory. Concept of pH and numericals. Buffer solutions, Indicators, Solubility product, Common ion effect with their application,

5. ELECTRO CHEMISTRY-II: (3 MARKS)

Redox reactions, Electrode potential (Nernst Equation), Electro-chemical cell (Galvanic and Electrolytic). EMF of a cell and free energy change. Standard electrode potential, Electro chemical series and its application. Chemical and

Electrochemical theory of corrosion, Galvenic Series.

Prevention of corrosion by various method.

6. CHEMICAL KINETICS :(3 MARKS)

Law of mass action, order and molecularity of rection.

Activation energy, rate constants, Ist order reactions and
2nd order reactions.

7. CATALYSIS :(2 MARKS)

Definition Characteristics of catalytic reactions, Catalytic promoters and poison , Autocatalysis and Negative catalysis,
Theory of catalysis, Application.

8. SOLID STATE :(2 MARKS)

Types of solids (Amorphous and Crystalline), Classification
(Molecular, Ionic, Covalent, Metallic), Band theory of
solids (Conductors, Semiconductors and Insulators), types of
Crystals, FCC, BCC, Crystal imperfection.

9. FUELS :(3 MARKS)

Definition, its classification, high & low Calorific
value.Determination of calorific value of solid and liquid
fuels by Bomb calorimeter.

Liquid fuel - Petroleum and its refining, distillate of
petroleum (Kerosene oil, Disel and Petrol), Benzol and Power
alchol. Knocking, Anti-knocking agents, Octane number and
Cetane number.

Cracking and its type, Gasoling from hydrogenation of coal
(Bergius process and Fischer tropsch's process)

Gaseous Fuel - Coal gas, Oil gas, Water gas, Producer gas,

Bio gas, LPG and CNG.

Numerical Problems based on topics

10. WATER TREATMENT : (3 MARKS)

Hardness of water, Its limits and determination of hardness of water by EDTA method. Softening methods (Only Soda lime, Zeolite and Ion exchange resin process). Disadvantage of hard water in different industries, scale and sludge formation, Corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, priming and foaming in boilers.

Disinfecting of Water By Chloramine-T, Ozone and Chlorine.

Advantage and disadvantage of chlorination, Industrial waste and sewage, Municipality waste water treatment, Definition of BOD and COD. Numerical Problems based on topics.

11. COLLOIDAL STATE OF MATTER : (3 MARKS)

Concept of colloidal and its types, Different system of colloids, Dispersed phase and dispersion medium. Methods of preparation of colloidal solutions, Dialysis and electro dialysis. Properties of colloidal solution with special reference to absorption, Brownian Movement, Tyndal effect, Electro phoresis and coagulation. relative stability of hydrophilic and hydrophobic colloids. Protection and protective colloids. Emulsion, Types, preparation, properties and uses. Application of colloids chemistry in different industries.

12. LUBRICANTS : (3 MARKS)

Definition, classification, Necessity and various kinds of

lubricants. Function and mechanism of action of lubricants and examples. Properties of lubricants, Importance of additive compounds in lubricants, Synthetic lubricants and cutting fluids. Industrial application, its function in bearing.

13. HYDROCARBONS: (4 MARKS)

A. Classification and IUPAC nomenclature of organic compounds homologous series (Functional Group)

B. Preparation, properties and uses of Ethane, Ethene, Ethyne (Acetylene), Benzene and Toluene.

14. ORGANIC REACTIONS & MECHANISM: (4 MARKS)

1. Fundamental aspects -

A. Electrophiles and nucleophiles, Reaction Intermediates,

Free radical, Carbocation, Carbanion

B. Inductive effect, Mesomeric effect, Electromeric effect.

2.A. Mechanism of addition reaction (Markovnikov's Rule, Cyanohydrin and Peroxide effect),

B. Mechanism of Substitution reactions; (Nucleophilic) hydrolysis of alkyl halide, electrophilic substitution halogenation, Sulphonation, Nitration and Friedel-Craft reaction.

C. Mechanism of Elimination reaction - Dehydration of primary alcohol, Dehydrohalogenation of primary alkyl halide.

15. POLYMERS : (3 MARKS)

1. Polymers and their classification. Average degree of polymerisation, Average molecular weight, Free radical polymerisation (Mechanisms)

2. Thermosetting and Thermoplastic resins -
 - A. Addition polymers and their industrial application-
Polystyrene, PVA, PVC, PAN, PMMA, Buna-S, Buna-N,
Teflon.
 - B. Condensation polymer and their industrial application :
Nylon 6, Nylon 6,6, Bakelite, Melamine formaldehyde,
Urea formaldehyde, Terylene or Decron, Polyurethanes.
3. General concept of Bio polymers, Biodegradable polymers and inorganic polymers (Silicon)
16. SYNTHETIC MATERIALS : (4 MARKS)
 - A. Introduction - Fats and Oils
 - B. Saponification of fats and oils , Manufacturing of soap.
 - C. Synthetic detergents, types of detergents and its manufacturing.
 3. EXPLOSIVES: TNT, RDX, Dynamite.
 4. Paint and Varnish

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. To analyse inorganic mixture for two acid and basic radicals from following radicals
 - A. Basic Radicals :
NH₄⁺, Pb⁺⁺, Cu⁺⁺, Bi⁺⁺⁺, Cd⁺⁺, As⁺⁺⁺, Sb⁺⁺⁺,
Sn⁺⁺, Al⁺⁺⁺, Fe⁺⁺⁺, Cr⁺⁺⁺, Mn⁺⁺, Zn⁺⁺, Co⁺⁺
Ni⁺⁺, Ba⁺⁺, Sr⁺⁺, Ca⁺⁺, Mg⁺⁺
 - B. Acid Radicals :
CO₃⁻⁻, S⁻⁻, SO₃⁻⁻, CH₃COO⁻, NO₂⁻,
NO₃⁻, Cl⁻, Br⁻, I⁻, SO₄⁻⁻
2. To determine the percentage of available Chlorine in the supplied sample of Bleaching powder.

3. To determine the total hardness of water sample in terms of CaCO_3 by EDTA titration method using Eriochroma black-T indicator.
4. To determine the strength of given HCl solution by titration against NaOH solution using Phenolphthalein as indicator.
5. To determine the Chloride content in supplied water sample by using Mohr's methods.
6. Determination of temporary hardness of water sample by Hener's method.

2.4 TEXTILE FIBRES
(Common with Textile Technology)

L T P
3 - 2

Rationale

Textile Fibre being the primary input to textile industry, any education in the field of textiles remains incomplete with some knowledge of textile fibres, so whether it is textile technologist or textile chemist knowledge of textile fibres is inevitable. The paper aims to expose the vital aspect of subject to the reader.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Introduction	8	-	-
2.	Classification & Sources of Textile Fibres	8	-	-
3.	General Properties of Fibres	8	-	-
4.	Molecular Structural Polymerization	8	-	-
5	Utilization of Fibres	10	-	-
—		42	-	28

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION:

(i) Definition of the Terms:

Textile, Fibre, Textile fibre, Staple, Filament, Yarn and thread.

(ii) Characteristics of a good Textile Fibre:

(a) Essential Properties:

Length, Strength, Flexibility, Cohesiveness

(b) Desirable Properties:
Fineness, Resiliancy, Uniformity,
Porosity, Lusture, Durability and Commerical availability.
Importance and usefulness of these properties
for textile use. Examples of fibres considerably
in these properties

2. CLASSIFICATION AND SOURCES OF TEXTILE FIBRES:

2.1 Definition and Classification of textile fibres.

(a) Natural Fibres:

(1) Cellulosic fibres :

(i) Cotton: Verities of cottons, Harvesting
and Ginning

(ii) Bast Fibres: Jute, Hemp, Ramie, Sisal and
Flax. Plant harvesting, Retting, Breaking
and Scutching.

(2) Protein/Animal Fibre :

(i) Wool: Classification of wool fibres. The
major animal fibres - Mohair, Camel
hair, Cashmere, Reclaimed fibres.

(ii) Silk: Production of Raw silk, Its
physical, chemical and electrical properties
and methods of identification,
different varieties of silk.

(v) Grading of Natural Fibres.

(b) Man Made Fibres:

Introduction to man made fibres

such as Viscose Rayon, Acetate Rayon,
Cuprammonium
Rayon, Nylons (6 and 66), PET, Polypropylene.
Acrylic, Metallic Fibres. General methods
of
manufacturing man made fibres viz. Wet, Dry and
Melt
processes in brief.

3. GENERAL PROPERTIES OF FIBRES: (Natural & Man Made)

3.1 Physical properties of fibres length, fineness,
crimp,
specific gravity, cross sectional shapes, maturity and
their
importance in their uses.

3.2 Introduction to mechanical properties of fibres:
Stress-
strain characteristics of various textile fibres. Concept
of
modulus and Tenacity, Extensibility, Toughness, Work
of
rupture and Frictional properties.

3.3 Brief introduction to optical and electrical properties
of
fibres.

3.4 Comparison of natural and man-made fibres

3.5 Use of optical microscope for fibre identification.

Other
physical method of identification. Chemical methods of
their
identification - Staining test and Solubility Test.

4. MOLECULAR STRUCTURAL POLYMERIZATION:

I. Molecular structure, Structure of textile fiber (Wool,
Silk,
Cotton, Polyester, Viscon Nylon).

II. Method of polymerisation, Criteria of fiber forming
polymer.

5. UTILISATIONS OF FIBRES:

According to their properties Influence of physical
and
chemical properties of fibres on their usefulness.

Chemical
and Physical properties of textile fibres. Introduction
to
degree of polymerisation, Crystalline and Amorphous
region.

TEXTILE FIBRES

List of Experiments

1. To distinguish animal fibres from vegetable fibres
 - (i) with an alkali.
 - (ii) with an acid.
2. To distinguish
 - (i) Silk from wool fibres.
 - (ii) Nylon from other fibres.
 - (iii) Polysters from other fibres.
 - (iv) viscose rayon, Cuprammonium rayon and Acetate fibres.
3. To distinguish linen from cotton.
4. To distinguish Orlon Acrylic Fibres from other fibres.
5. To identify textile fibres such as Cotton, Wool, Silk, Jute, Viscos rayon, Polyester, Nylon and Acrylic fibres under microscope and to draw their longitudinal and cross-sectional views.
6. Checking moisture gain of different textile fibres by Shirley moisture meter and by good brand conditioning oven.
7. To check the maturity ratio of cotton fibres by 10% caustic soda solution.
8. To check staple length of textile fibres by hand stappling method.
9. To check trash contents of cotton fibre by Shirley Trash analyser.
10. To identify of textile fibres by
 - (i) Staining Test
 - (ii) Solubility Test.
11. To determine the relative humidity and temperature of room with the aid thermo-hydrograph, whirling hydrometer and dry

and wet bulb thermometers.

12. Find out fibre length by Uster stapler.
13. To find out fibre fineness of cotton by A.N. Stappling apparatus.
14. To do qualitative and quantitative estimation of fibres in a blend.

2.5 INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER

[Common with Civil Engg., Civil (Spl. With Rural), Mechanical Engg., (Specialisation in Production, Automobile, Refrigeration and Air conditioning), Electronics Engg., Instrumentation and Control Engg., Dairy Engg., Leather Technology, Footwear and Leather Goods Tech., Cermics, Chemical Engg. (Four year Sandwich), Chemical Tech. (Rubber & Plastic), Chemical Tech. (Fertilizer)]

L	T	P
2	-	5

Rationale:

Computers are being used for design and information processing in all branches of engineering. An exposure to fundamentals of computer programming is very essential for all diploma holders. This subject has been included to introduce students in the use and application of computers in engineering.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Introduction to Computer	4	-	-
2.	Introduction To Operating System (MS DOS/Windows)	3	-	-
3.	Word Processing	4	-	-
4.	Worksheet	4	-	-
5.	Presentation	4	-	-
6.	Data Base Operation	3	-	-
7.	Introduction to Internet	2	-	-
8.	Introduction to advance tools	4	-	-
-		28	-	70

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. Introduction to Computer:
 - A. Block Diagram of Computer.
 - B. Types Of Computer
 - C. Types of Input and Output devices
 - D. Memories Devices (Its Types and Basic).

2. INTRODUCTION TO OPERATING SYSTEMS (MS-DOS/MS-WINDOWS:)

What is operating system, its significance, Commands of DOS,
Features/Application of window.

3. WORD PROCESSING:

File : Open, Close, Save, Save as, Search, Send to, Print
Preview, Print and Page Setup
Edit : Cut, Copy, Paste, Office Clipboard, Select All,
Find, replace, Goto, etc.
View : Normal/Web Layout/Print Layout; Tool Bars;
Header/Footer; Zoom, etc.
Insert: Break, Page Number, Date & Time, Symbol, Comment,
Reference, etc.
Format: Font, Paragraph, Bullets & Numbering, Borders & Shading, Column, Change case, Back ground, etc.
Tools : Spelling & Grammer, Language, Word Count, Letters &
Mailing, Options, Customize, etc.
Table : Draw, Insert, Delete, Select, Auto Format, AutoFit,
Convert, Sort, Formula, etc.
Mail Merge

4. WORKSHEET:

Introduction, Use of Tools/Icons for preparing simple Mini Project.

5. PRESENTATION :

Introduction, Use of Tools/Icons for preparing simple

presentation on Power Point.

6. DATABASE OPERATION :

Create database using MS Access, Create Table and Creating Reports.

7. Introduction to Internet:

What is Network, How to send & receive messages, Use of Search Engines, Surfing different web sites. Creating Mail ID, Use of Briefcase, Sending./replying emails.

8. INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCE TOOLS :

I. Steps requires to solving problems.

A. Flow Chart

B. Algoithm

C. Programming

II. Use of advance Tools such as Skype, Teamviewer, Installation of Modem, use of WiFi, Etc.

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER LAB

List Of Practicals

1. Practice on utility commands in DOS.
2. Composing, Correcting, Formatting and Article (Letter/Essay/Report) on Word Processing tool Word and taking its print out.
3. Creating, editing, modifying tables in Database tool.
4. Creating labels, report, generation of simple forms in Database tool.
5. Creating simple spread sheet, using in built functions in Worksheet tool..
6. Creating simple presentation.
7. Creating mail ID, Checking mail box, sending/replying e-mails.
8. Surfing web sites, using search engines.

Note : In the final year, related students have to use the concept of MS Word/MS Excel/MS Access/ MS Power Point in their respective branch's project work such as creating project report through MS Word/Creation of statistical data in MS Excel/Creation of database in MS Excel/ Demonstration of project through Power Point Presentation.

2.6 WORKSHOP PRACTICE

[Common with Civil Engg., Civil Engg. (sp. in Rural Engg.), Electrical, Ceramic, Dairy, Agriculture, Chemical Technology (Rubber & Plastic), Chemical Technology (fertilizer), Four year chemical Engg.]

[Four year Past time Mechanical Engg. (sp. in Production Engg.)]

L T P
- - 14

Rationale

A diploma holder in any branch of engineering has to work in between a skilled workman and an Engineer. In order to have effective control over skilled workmen it is necessary that the supervisory staff must have adequate knowledge and skill. For development of skills workshop practice is very essential.

Sl.No. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Carpentry shop	-	-	20
2.	Painting & polishing shop	-	-	16
3.	Sheet metal and soldering shop	-	-	56
4.	Fitting shop, Plumbing & Fastening Shop	-	-	24
5.	Foundry shop			20
6.	Smithy shop	-	-	24
7.	Welding shop	-	-	20
8.	Machine shop	-	-	16
		-	-	196

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. Carpentry Shop :
EX-1 Introduction & demonstration of tools used
in

carpentry shop and different types of joints,
 types
 of wood, seasoning and preservation of wood
 EX-2 Planing and sawing practice
 EX-3 Making of lap joint
 EX-4 Making of mortise and tenon joint
 Ex-5 Making of any one utility article such as wooden-
 picture frame, hanger, peg, name plate, etc.

2. Painting and Polishing Shop:

EX-1 Introduction of paints, varnishes, Reason for
 surface preparation, Advantange of painting, other method
 of surface coating i.e. electroplating etc.
 EX-2 To prepare a wooden surface for painting apply
 primer on one side and to paint the same side. To
 prepare french polish for wooden surface and polish the
 other side.
 Ex-3 To prepare metal surface for painting, apply
 primer and paint the same.
 EX-4 To prepare a metal surface for spray
 painting,first spray primer and paint the same by spray painting
 gun and compressor system.

* The sequence of polishing will be as below:
 i) Abrassive cutting by leather wheel.
 ii) Pollishing with hard cotton wheel and with polishing
 material.
 iii) Buffing with cotton wheel or buff wheel.

3. Sheet Metal and Soldering Shop :

EX-1 Introduction and Types of sheets, measuring of
 sheets
 EX-2 Study and sketch of various types of stakes/anvil.
 EX-3 Introduction & demonstration of tools used
 in Sheet metal working shop.
 EX-4 Cutting, shearing and bending of sheet.
 EX-5 To prepare a soap case by the metal sheet.
 EX-6 To make a funnel with thin sheet and to solder the
 seam of the same.
 EX-7 To make a cylinder and to solder the same.
 EX-8 Preparation of different type of joints such as Lap

- joint-single seam, double seam. Hemp and wired joints.
- EX-9 To braze small tube/conduit joints.
4. Fitting Shop, Plumbing Shop & Fastening Shop:
- EX-1 Study of materials, limits, fits and tolerances.
- EX-2 Introduction & demonstration of tools used in Fitting Shop.
- EX-3 Hacksawing and chipping of M.S. flat. Filing and squaring of chipped M.S. job. Filing on square or rectangular M.S. piece.
- EX-4 Making bolt & nut by tap and die set and make its joints
- EX-5 To drill a hole in M.S. Plate and tapping the same to create threads as per need.
- EX-6 Utility article-to prepare double open mouth spanner for 18" hexagonal head of a bolt.
- EX-7 Cutting and threading practice for using socket, elbow and tee etc. and to fit it on wooden practice board.
- EX-8 Study of-bib cock, cistern or stop cock, wheel valve and gate valve etc.
- EX-9 Practice of bolted joints
- EX-10 To prepare a rivetted joint
- EX-11 To make a pipe joint
- EX-12 To make a threaded joint
- EX-13 Practice of sleeve joint
5. Foundry Work
- EX-1 Study of metal and non metals
- EX-2 Study & sketch of the foundry tools.
- EX-3 Study & sketch of cupola & pit furnace.
- EX-4 To prepare the green moulding sand and to prepare sweep moulds (single piece and double piece pattern mould)
- EX-5 Casting of non ferrous (lead or aluminium) as per exercise 3.
6. Smithy Shop :
- EX-1 Study & Sketch of Tools used in smithy shop.
- EX-2 To prepare square or rectangular piece by the M.S.

- rod.
- EX-3 To make a ring with hook for wooden doors.
- EX-4 Utility article-to prepare a ceiling fan hook.
7. Welding Shop :
- EX-1 Introduction to welding, classification of
welding,
types of weld joints.
- EX-2 Welding practice-gas and electric.
- EX-3 Welding for lap joint after preparing the edge.
- EX-4 Welding of Butt joint after preparation of the edge.
- EX-5 'T' joint welding after preparation of edge.
- EX-6 Spot welding, by spot welding machine.
8. Machine Shop
- EX-1 Study & sketch of lathe machine.
- EX-1 Study & sketch of grinders, milling M/c, Drilling
M/c
and CNC Machines
- Ex-2 Plain and step turning & knurling practice.
- Ex-3 Study and sketch of planing/Shaping machine
and
to plane a Rectangle of cast iron.

III Semester

3.1 ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY & ELECTRONICS

(Common To Dairy Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Textile Chemistry, Textile Technology)

L T P
5 - 2

Rationale :

The superiority of electricity as power over other means in use in home or industry can not be denied. So it is imperative to introduce the mechanical engineering students with electrical machines and their various uses.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Electric Induction	4	-	-
2.	A. C. Theory	6	-	-
3.	Three Phase Circuits	6	-	-
4.	Measurement & Measuring Instruments	10	-	-
5.	Electronics	10	-	-
6.	D. C. Machines	8	-	-
7.	Transformers	6	-	-
8.	Synchronous Machines	6	-	-
9.	Induction Motors	6	-	-
10.	Electro Heating	4	-	-
11.	Electro Plating	4	-	-
		70	-	28

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. ELECTRIC INDUCTION:

Faraday's Laws of electromagnetic induction. Self and mutual induction. Statically and Dynamically induced e.m.f., Lenz's law. Fleming's left hand and right hand rule.

2. A. C. THEORY:

Production of alternating e.m.f. Definition of cycle,
Frequency, Amplitude, Time period, Instantaneous, Average,
R.M.S. maximum values of sinusoidal wave. Form factor, peak
factor.

Representation of a sinusoidal quantity by a mathematical
expression and phasor, phase and phase difference,
Relationship of voltage and current for pure resistance,
pure inductance and pure capacitive reactance, impedance.
Solution and phasor diagrams of simple R.L.C. series and
parallel circuits. Active and reactive power. Significance
of P.F.

3. THREE PHASE CIRCUITS:

Production of Three phase voltage, advantages of three
phase

supply. Concept of star and delta connections.
Relationship

between phase and line values of currents and
voltages,

Power in three phase circuits, simple numerical problems.

4. MEASUREMENT & MEASURING INSTRUMENTS:

(i) Primary and secondary instruments-Indicating,
Recording

and Integrated instruments.

(ii) Working principle and construction of the
following

instruments.

(a) Ammeter & Voltmeter (Moving coil & Moving
Iron).

Extension of their ranges.

(b) Dynamometer type wattmeter.

(c) Single Phase A. C. Energy Meter.

(iii) Measurement of power in a single phase and three phase

circuits by wattmeter, Use of digital multimeter for

measurement of voltage, Current and testing of devices.

5. ELECTRONICS:

Basic idea of semi conductors P & N type. Semi conductor

diodes, Zener diodes and their applications in rectifiers.

Transistors-PNP and NPN-their characteristics and uses at an

amplifier (Brief description only). Principle

characteristics and application of SCR. Devices like UJT,

FET, DIAC, TRIAC (Brief introduction, Introduction to

operational amplifier, Introduction to basic logic gates and

microprocessors.

6. D. C. MACHINES:

D. C. Generator:

Working principle, Constructional details, e.m.f. equation,

Types of generators and their applications.

D. C. Motor:

Working principle, Back e.m.f., Types of D. C. motor and

elementary idea of their characteristics. Torque equation,

Methods of speed control (Description Only).

7. TRANSFORMERS:

Working principle and constructional details of a single

phase and 3 phase transformers, e.m.f. equation, Losses and

efficiency, Cooling of transformers, Elementary idea of auto

transformers and welding transformers.

8. SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES:

(a) Alternators:

Working principle, Types of alternators, Constructional details, E.M.F. equation, Condition for parallel operation.

(b) Synchronous Motors:

Working principle, Constructional details, Vector diagram, Effect of excitation on armature current and power factor, Synchronous condenser.

9. INDUCTION MOTORS:

(a) Three Phase Induction Motors:

Working principle and constructional details-Types of induction motors-Slipring and Squirrel cage. Slip in induction motors. Speed torque characteristic, Starting

and speed control. Application of induction motors
in industry. General faults and their remedies.

(b) Single Phase Induction Motors:

Working principle and constructional details
and application of single phase motors (Split
phase, Capacitor start and Run Motor). A. C. series
motors, General faults and their remedies.

10. ELECTRO HEATING:

Types of electro heating. Brief description of
resistance ovens and induction furnace and core furnaces.

11. ELECTROPLATING:

Importance of electroplating, Principle of
electroplating and equipment used. Processes used in
electroplating, Anodising.

ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY & ELECTRONICS LAB

1. To change the speed and direction of rotation of d.c.
shunt motor by
 - (a) Armature control method.
 - (b) Field control method.
2. To change the speed and direction of rotation of
d.c. compound motor by
 - (a) Armature control method.
 - (b) Field control method.
3. To measure the terminal voltage with variation of
load current of

- (a) D.C. shunt generator.
 - (b) D.C. compound generator.
4. To perform load test on a single phase transformer and determine its efficiency.
 5. To start and run a induction motor by
 - (a) Star Delta Starter.
 - (b) Auto Transformer Starter.
 6. To measure slip of an induction motor by direct loading.
 7. To start and change the direction of rotation of an induction motor.
 8. To measure transformation ratio of a single phase transformer.
 9. To measure power and P.F. in a single phase circuit by Ammeter, Voltmeter and Wattmeter.
 10. To measure power and P.F. in a 3 phase/A.C. circuit by two wattmeter method.
 11. To calibrate a single phase energy meter at different P.F.'s and different loads.
 12. To locate the faults in an electrical machine by a megger.
 13. To connect a fluorescent tube and note its starting and running current.
 14. To draw characteristics of Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR).
 15. Testing of electrical devices - Zenor, Diode, Transistor, FET, UJT, SCR.
 16. Use of operational amplifier as adder, subtractor, comparator, differentiator and integrators.

3.2 YARN TECHNOLOGY-I

L T P
6 - 4

Rationale

Spinning is the vital process of the textile industry.

Spinning Technology-I and II, two papers deal with the activities involved in the process.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Introduction To Yarn Technology	3	-	-
2.	Ginning & Bailing	2	-	-
3.	Mixing and Blending	8	-	-
4.	Blow Room Line	21	-	-
5.	Carding	16	-	-
6.	Drawing	14	-	-
7.	Combing	10	-	-
		84	-	56

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. Introduction to various processes involve in conversion of fibre into yarn with flow chart.
2. GINNING AND BALING:
Object and Classification of Ginning and Baling.
3. MIXING AND BLENDING:
 - i. Mixing and its importance, method of mixing. Advantages and disadvantages.
 - ii. Description and working of automixer and other modern blenders.
4. BLOW ROOM LINE:

- i. Blow Room: Objects of Blow room . Improtance of opening and cleaning. Trash content, opening by nails, air currents and beaters.
- ii. Study of opening and cleaning machines e.g. Blending bale opener, hopper feeders, Step cleaner, S.R.R.L. opener, shirley opener, Whitin axiflow machine, Air stream cleaner, Three bladed beater and Kirschner beater. Nature of waste extracted in various openers and beaters E. R. M. cleaner and Monocylinder beaters.
- iii. Construction & Working of Bale Plucker.
- iv. Use and working of cleaning trunks, Metal separators, Grid bars and leaf bar, Air filters, Condensers, Screens or Cages, Automatic distributors, Conveyors.
- v. Lap forming mechanism, Object and mechanism of Calender Roller and their weightings.
- vi. Single process scutchers, Production and efficiency, Lap rejection. Introduction of modern Blow Room lines like Rieter & Trutzschler. Uni mixer, Uni Flock, Blendo Mat, Uni blend, Cleano mat (CVT 123)
- vii. Feed regulating motions used in scutcher and their importance.
- viii. Lap measuring and doffing devices in scutcher.
- ix. Calculation of production of scutchers and other machines and efficiency.
- x. Calculation of lap length and measureing motions.
- xi. Draft calculations, draft constant, mechanical and actual draft.

5. CARDING:

- i. Objects of carding, passage of material through the card, cards parts and their functions e.g. Feeding system Licker-in, moteknives, Back plate front plate, Cylinder, Flats, Doffer, Undercasing etc.
- ii. Theory of carding actions in a revolving flat card.
- iii. Drive of card parts.
- iv. Flexible and metallic card clothing. Types of clothing wires and its geometry.
- v. Method of mounting the card with flexible and metallic card clothing.
- vi. Brief Idea of maintenance of carding machine.
- vii. Calculation of speeds, drafts and productions of card and drawing machines.
- viii. Calculations of production, efficiency, draft and waste percentage.

6. DRAWING:

- i. Objects of drawing, Construction of draw frame, its parts and their functions and passage of material through drawing frame.
- ii. Drawing rollers, Top and Bottom drafting rollers and their construction.
- iii. Principles of doubling and drafting.
- iv. Gauging and setting of drafting rollers. Roller pressure and its distributions.
- v. Importance of stop motions, study of electrical stop motions. Study of different drafting systems e.g. 2/2, 2/3, 3/5, 4/4 and 4/5 drafting systems.

- vi. Importance and study of Autolevellers
 - vii. Special features of high speed draw frame, their names and different models.
 - viii. Defects and remedies in drafting operating.
 - ix. Calculations based on draft & production in draw frame.
7. COMBING -
- i. Brief idea of combing and combing operation.
 - ii. Detail description of Halmann & Nasmbith comber.
 - iii. Calculation of Noil% and production of comber.

YARN TECHNOLOGY -I
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Operation, Setting and Gauging of blending bale opener (hopper feeder) and To measure the dimension of various important parts of the machine.
2. To calculate the speed of different moving parts of blending bale opener (hopper feeder).
3. Operate and gauge the porcupine opener, step cleaner and other opening machines available in the workshop and also calculate speeds of different moving parts.
4. Operation, setting and maintenance of Kirschner beater and to calculate number of beats per inch of feed material.
5. Adjustments of the weight per yard of the lap and its length.
6. Cleaning maintenance of the feed regulating motion in scutcher.
7. Operate the card machine and produce sliver and to practice piecing lap and sliver.
8. To set and gauge different part of card machine.
9. Calculate the speeds of cylinder, flats, doffer and licker-in and other moving parts of card machine.
10. To calculate all tension drafts, all intermediate drafts, total drafts and draft constants of a card machine.
11. To calculate number of laps consumed per shift of eight hours.

3.3 YARN TECHNOLOGY -II

L T P
6 - 4

Rationale

Spinning is the vital process of the textile industry.

Spinning Technology-I and II, two papers deal with the activities involved in the process.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Roving	26	-	-
2.	Ring Spinning	30	-	-
3.	Doubling	20	-	-
4.	Reeling, Bundling	8	-	-
		84	-	56

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. ROVING :

- (i) Objects of roving study and construction and functions of various parts of speed frame/simplex and passage of material through them.
- (ii) Drafting mechanism, drive of drafting rollers, pressure on drafting rollers.
- (iii) Basic principles of Cone drum.
- (iv) Twisting mechanism, study of motions required for twisting flyer and its functions.
- (v) Winding : Principle of winding, bobbin leading and flyer leading winding, drive of winding mechanism. Traverse motion given to hobbins, building

motion and its functions.

- (vi) Differential motion, its objects and working principles, study of differential motion. Tweedle and smally package stability and content Optimization on simplex bobbin
- (vii) Calculation pertaining to production, twist, draft and winding.

2. RING SPINNING:

- (i) Objects of ring frames, construction and functions of various parts of ring frames Viz Rings, Spindles, Balloon Control Rings, Spacer, Aprons, Cots, Spindle tape, Rising and Falling Lappets.
- (ii) Traveller, Function of Traveller, Traveller type, size and No.
- (iii) Passage of material through ring frames.
- (iv) Twisting of Yarn, Effect of Twist, Twist terminology, Concept of twist multiplier, Factors affecting twist in spinning.
- (v) Principles of Roller drafting and Drafting systems e.g. W.S.T., S.K.F., Pneumatic drafting and their advantages, break draft and its effect.
- (vi) Building motion, its objects construction and working, Types of builds (i) Warp (ii) Filling (iii) Combination
- (vii) Drive of ring frame, Different systems of Ring Frame drive like Group drive, Single Motor Drive, VPS (Variable Pitch Seath) and Dual Drive, Inverter drive.
- (viii) Causes of end breaks in ring frame.
- (ix) Limitation of Ring Spinning.

- (x) Yarn faults and their remedies.
- (xi) Recent developments in Ring Spinning.

RING FRAME CALCULATION:

- (i) Calculation of Draft twist, Production and efficiency for different counts of Yarns.
- (ii) Calculation of balancing machines used in spinning processes for various counts-Spin Plan.
- (iii) Concept of average mill count and 40's conversion.
- (iv) Traveller speed, traveller lag calculation.

3. DOUBLING:-

- (i) Two for One Twister - Basic principles, Machine geometry, Different types of T.F.O. twister. Production and efficiency calculation and Advantages over ring doubling.
- (ii) Fancy doubling Yarns, their objects and their production Viz. Ply Yarn, Tape Yarn, Core Yarn and Sewing Threads.
- (iii) Calculation of folded yarns.

4. REELING BUNDLING:

Object and terminology, Types of Reels, Construction and working of Reels, Different system of Reeling. Yarn bundling and balings.

YARN TECHNOLOGY -II
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Operate the ribbon lap machine and prepare laps and gauge the rollers of the machine.
2. To calculate all tensions drafts, Intermediate drafts, total drafts, Draft constant and Production of ribbon lap machine.
3. To operate and set timing of comber and prepare sliver.
4. Set and gauge various parts of comber.
5. To calculate and analyse the comber waste percentage practically and evaluate the combing efficiency.
6. To calculate all tension drafts, Intermediate drafts, Total drafts and Drafts constant and production of comber machine.
7. Calculate spindle speed, front roller speed and rate of traverse from machine particulars.
8. To lubricate and put the stop motion in proper working order of draw frame.
9. To calculate the speed of different moving parts of a draw frame machine
10. To calculate the production on draw frame per delivery per machine per shift of eight hours
11. To make cheeses on parallel winding machine and calculate drum speed and production.
12. Operate the doubling machine and produce folded yarn and to calculate twists constant, TPI, Spindle speed and production.
13. To Calculation twist constant and draft constant and production from machine particulars of ring frame.
14. Operate the machine and produce yarn.
15. Gauge the Spindle and Lappets.
16. Carryout the maintenance of ring frame practically.
17. To calculate spindle speed , Twist Constt, TPI & Production of ring doubler.
18. To learn about making spin plan, taking breaking study, snap study of idle spindles, labour allocation in Ring frame dept

- on assumption basis.
19. To study traveller speed & doff weight of Ring frame.
 20. To calculate count cint. & strength cint. in Ring yarn on assumption basis.

3.4 FABRIC TECHNOLOGY-I

L T P
6 - 4

Rationale

Weaving is a vital activity in textile industry. The two papers Weaving Textnology-I and Weaving Technology-II deal with the activities involved in the weaving process.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Winding	20	-	-
2.	Warping	10	-	-
3.	Sizing	15	-	-
4.	Classification of Weaving Machine	09	-	-
5.	Different Motion of Weaving	30	-	-
—		84	-	56

DETAILED CONTENTS

Introduction to various processes involved in the conversion of yarn into fabric.

1. WINDING:

1. Types of packages, Introduction to drum and precision winding.
2. Traversing mechanisms (Rotary, Reciprocating)
3. Uses and limitations of slwo speed winding machines and essentials of high speed winding machines.
4. High speed and super high speed warp winding machines- Schlafhorst auto coner, Savio, Murata winding maching.
5. Study of various types of slub catchers, traversing devices, tensioning devices, ribbon formation and methods of eliminating them. Full package stop motions. Different types of high speed pirn winding machines with special reference to Leesona pirn winder.

6. Commonly occurring faults in warp winding, their causes and remedies.
 7. Norms for slub catcher setting and tension levels.
 8. Features of automatic pirn winding machines.
 9. Bunch building mechanisms.
 10. Commonly occurring faults in pirn winding, their causes and remedies.
2. WARPING :
11. Introduction to various ways of warping.
 12. Types of creel and their description.
 13. Slow speed and high speed beam warping machines.
 14. Sectional warping machine.
 15. Stop motions. measuring motions and tensioning devices.
 16. Commonly occurring faults in warping and their causes and remedies.
3. SIZING:
17. Object of warp sizing.
 18. Introduction to various methods of sizing.
 19. Study of slasher sizing machine and multi cylinder sizing machine
 20. Detailed study of sizing machine, measuring and marking motion, beam creels, brake guide and tension rollers, sizing and squeezing rollers, drying cylinders, steam trap, sow box construction, Features of modern sow box leasing rods, adjustable comb, beam pressing motion, slipping friction motion.
 21. Multicylinders and drying system machines with special reference to drying unit, Merits and demerits of slasher, multicylinder and hot air sizing machines. Introduction to foam, hot melt and cold sizing.
 22. Various kinds of sizing ingredients used for cotton, polyester, viscose and their blends.
 23. Preparation of size paste for light medium and heavy size for cotton and man-made fibres blend.
 24. Manual and mechanical methods of drawing-in, and knotting, twisting of warp.
 25. Commonly occurring faults in sizing, drawing in denting and knotting.

4. Classification of Weaving Machine :

Brief Idea of Handloom and Plain loom.

5. Different Motion of Weaving :

Primary motion, Secondary motion and Auxiliary motion.

Fabric Technology-I

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Practice in preparing cones, cheeses and pirns from hanks or ring bobbins.
2. Practice in creeling and preparation of warp on sectional/mill warping machine of required number of ends and width.
3. Practice in creeling and preparation of warpers beam on Slow Speed warping machine of required warp plan.
4. Practice in creeling and preparation of warpers beam on High Speed warping machine of required warp plan.
5. Practice in operating sizing machine (if working model of sizing plant available).
6. Practice of size paste preparation in laboratory.
7. Practice of making weaver's knot in laboratory.
8. Practice in drafting and denting for different design draft.
9. Study and sketch the important parts of pirn winding machine.
10. Study and sketch the important parts of warp winding machine.
11. Study and sketch the important of sectional warping machine.

3.5 FABRIC TECHNOLOGY-II

L T P
6 - 4

Rationale

Weaving is a vital activity in textile industry. The two papers Weaving Textnology-I and Weaving Technology-II deal with the activities involved in the weaving process.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Dobbies	12	-	-
2.	Multiples Box Motions	12	-	-
3.	Jacquard	12	-	-
4.	Automatic Weaving Special Mechanisms	12	-	-
5	General	8	-	-
—		56	-	112

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. DOBBIES :
 - (i) Classification of dobbies.
 - (ii) Study of single lift dobbey Keighley and Climax dobbies.
 - (iii) Positive dobbies (any two dobbies).
 - (iv) Timing and setting of dobbies.
 - (v) Method of preparing doobby lattice and Pattern cards
 - (vi) Synchronising of doobby with drop box.
 - (vii) Cross border doobby.

- (viii) R. H. and L. H. dobbie, dobbie mounting, dwell of dobbie.
- (ix) Commonly occurring faults and their remedies.
- (x) Calculation relating to production, efficiency yarn requirements, waste etc for looms.

2. MULTIPLE BOX MOTIONS

- (i) Introduction to multiple box motions.
- (ii) Kinds of multiple box motions.
- (iii) Study of Cowburn and Peck's box motion its card saving device, safety devices.
- (iv) Study of Knowle's box motion.
- (v) Study of pick at will box arrangement.
- (vi) Study of non skip and skip motions.
- (vii) Preparation of chain for given pattern of weft.
- (viii) Commonly occurring faults in boxes of the above mechanisms and their remedies.

3. JACQUARD:

- (i) Introduction to figure weaving.
- (ii) Kinds of jacquard.
- (iii) Double lift single cylinder jacquard.
- (iv) Double lift double cylinder jacquard.
- (v) Cross border jacquard.
- (vi) Single lift single cylinder jacquard
- (vii) Twilling jacquard.
- (viii) Gauge and Leno jacquard.
- (ix) Fine pitch Jacquard.
- (x) Pressure harness.

- (xi) Sectional harness.
- (xii) Harness building.
- (xiii) Harness ties.
- (xiv) Card cutting, Piano card cutting machine and lacing
of cards
- (xv) Repairing, adjustments and timing of the above
machines.
- (xvi) Commonly occurring faults in jacquard weaving and
their remedies.

4. AUTOMATIC WEAVING:

- (i) Feeler, cutter and three pick try motion.
- (ii) Warp stop motion.
- (iii) Weft Fork motion.
- (iv) Pirn changing mechanism.
- (v) Shuttle protector.
- (vi) Shuttle changing mechanism.
- (viii) Centre selvedge motion.

5. GENERAL:

- 1. Cloth defects, their causes and remedies.

FABRIC TECHNOLOGY-II

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Practice of beam gaiting.
2. Practice of fixing and tuning the whole loom to run for perfect weaving.
3. Dismantling of various parts of dobbie, their sketching and resetting.
4. Timing and adjustment of dobbie for giving connection of T lever, Arm and Eccentric provided on the shaft. Barrel setting.
5. Practice of preparing dobbie lattice.
6. Practice of operating loom fitted with dobbie and weaving of cloth.
7. Practice of mending broken ends after levelling the healds.
8. Finding and removing faults in dobbie weaving.
9. Fixing and tuning of drop box motion.
10. Chain preparation for different weft plans.
11. Sketching of various parts of drop box motion.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
Section A English				
1.	On Communication	04	-	-
2.	Exploring Space	04	-	-
3.	Sir C.V. Raman	04	-	-
4.	Professional Development	04	-	-
5.	Buying a Second Hand Bicycle	04	-	-
6.	Leadership and Supervision	04	-	-
7.	First Aid	03	-	-
8.	The Romanance of Reading	03	-	-
9.	No Escape from Computers	03	-	-
10.	Bureau of Indian Standards	03	-	-
Section B Hindi				
1.	Topic 1	02	-	-
2.	Topic 2	02	-	-
3.	Topic 3	02	-	-
4.	Topic 4	02	-	-
5.	Topic 5	02	-	-
6.	Topic 6	02	-	-
7.	Topic 7	02	-	-
8.	Topic 8	01	-	-
9.	Topic 9	02	-	-
10.	Topic 10	02	-	-
11.	Topic 11	01	-	-

56 - -

Section "A" (English)

Text Lessons

Unit I.	On Communication
Unit.II	Exploring Space
Unit.III	Sir C.V. Raman
Unit.IV	Professional Development of Technicians

Unit.V	Buying a Second Hand Bicycle
Unit.VI	Leadership and Supervision
Unit.VII	First Aid
Unit.VIII	The Romanance of Reading
Unit.IX	No Escape from Computers
Unit.X	Bureau of Indian Standards

Section "B" Hindi

- 1- स्वरोजगार
- 2- भारतीय वैज्ञानिकों एवं तकनीकियों का भारत के विकास में योगदान
- 3- ग्राम्य विकास
- 4- परिवार नियोजन
- 5- सामाजिक संस्थायें
- 6- नियोजन और जन कल्याण
- 7- भारत में प्रौद्योगिकी के विकास का इतिहास
- 8- हरित क्रांति
- 9- पर्यावरण एवं मानव प्रदूषण
- 10- श्रमिक कल्याण
- 11- भारत में श्रमिक आन्दोलन

4.2 INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

(Common To Textile Chemistry, Textile Technology)

L T P
4 - -

Rationale

Textile industry is one of the major industries of the country. Its safety problems are much more different than those of others. So it is vital to give youngsters willing to enter into this field, knowledge of general principles of industrial safety focussing on problems in textile industry.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Introduction	8	-	-
2.	Principles of Accident Prevention	8	-	-
3.	Safety Engineering	18	-	-
4.	Sizing Process & Loom Shed Safety, Precaution In Chemical Processes	10	-	-
5	Safety Statutes	12	-	-
—		56	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION:

Need for Industrial Safety - Legal Humanitarain, Economic and Social consideration. Safe working conditions and productivity, Unsafe conditions and Hazards. Cost of accidents- Direct or Indirect social cost, financial cost.

Role of management and workers participation in Industrial Safety. Safety management principles and practices.

2. PRINCIPLES OF ACCIDENT PREVENTION:

Definitions - Accident, Injury, Dangerous occurrences, Unsafe acts, Unsafe conditions and hazards. Theories of accidents prevention, Principles and methods of accidents preventions.

3. SAFETY ENGINEERING:

Safe guarding of machines- Statutory provisions related to safe guarding of machinery and working near unguarded machines. Principle of machine guarding. Ergonomics of machine guarding. Types of guards and guarding machines in textile industry. Incidental safety devices. Accidents and hazards. Guarding of machines and safety precautions in Openning, Cleanning, Carding, Drawing, Combing, Fly frame, Ring frames, Rotors (spinning), Winding, Doubling, Warping, Sizing and Weaving operations.

Material Handling:

Ergonomics of material handling, Principles of correct method of lifting objects of different size, shape and weight with safe use of accessories for manual handling.

Safety aspects of design and construction and use of material handling machinery use in textile industry- Lifts, Forks, Motor Troleys, Over head cranes and Chain Pullies.

Principle of good illumination at work place and its ecommended minimum standard. Lighting and Colour.

Danger From Electricity:

Safe limits of amperage and voltages. Means for cutting over loads and short circuit protection. earth fault protection. Protection of joints and conductors.

Fire explosion, Common cause for industrial fire detection and alarm. Knowledge of water system, Carbon Dioxide System, Foam Extinguishers system and Dry Chemical Extinguishing Systems for extinguishing fire, Sprinklers.

4. SAFETY PRECAUTION IN CHEMICAL PROCESSES:

Bleaching, Dyeing, Printing, Finishing and Accidental hazards. Chemical hazards in wet processing. Effluent in textile processing.

Health and Welfare:

Health hazards in Textile industry. Dust and Fly. Noise generated and control measures. Occupational hazards, Occupational diseases. Personal production equipments. Health and welfare measures e.g First Aid Facilities and other welfare measures Hospital, Clinics. Special precautions for specific work environment.

5. SAFETY STATUTES:

Employees welfare and legislation. Indian Boiler Act and Regulation. The Water (Control of Pollution) Act and Rules. The Air (Pollution) Act and Rules.

4.3 - TEXTILE TESTING

(Common To Textile Chemistry, Textile Technology)

L T P
4 2 6

Rationale

As the name implies this paper aims to develop in the incumbent the capability of testing the products and its components for desired results. Without it a product can never be claimed for any standard.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Importance of Textile Testing	8	4	-
2.	Sampling and quality control	8	4	-
3.	Fibre Dimensions	8	4	-
4.	Yarn Dimensions	8	4	-
5.	Fabric Dimensions	8	4	-
6.	Tensile Testing of Textiles	8	4	-
7.	Evenness Testing:	8	4	-
-		56	28	84

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. IMPORTANCE OF TEXTILE TESTING:

Introduction to textile testing, properties of fibres, yarns and fabrics and their relevance in assessing the performance, of textiles during and after manufacture.

2 Sampling and Quality Control : Definition of sample, sample size, sampling Technique, Introduction to quality

control, Accuracy of measurement, presentation and analysis of data, SQC charts analysis of defects, difference between average and correlation. Standard deviation and coefficient of variation.

3. FIBRE DIMENSIONS:

- i. Fibre Length Measurement - Use of Baer sorter, Fibrograph, Uster-stapler, their principles of operation.
- ii. Fibre Fineness Measurement - By cutting and weighing method, Sheffield micronair, Aerlometer, Maturity of cotton by caustic soda method and by airflow methods.
- iii. Role of Humidity - Absolute Humidity, Relative Humidity, moisture Regain, Moisture content.
- iv. Introduction to H.V.I. (High Volume Instruments)

4. YARN DIMENSIONS:

- i. Measurement of yarn twist by Rock bank twist tester, continuous twist tester and by twist and untwist methods.
- ii. Measurement of yarn diameter by microscope.

5. FABRIC DIMENSIONS:

- i. Measurement of fabric thickness. Measurement of crimp by crimp tester.
- ii. Air permeability of fabrics, its measurement by air permeability tester.
- iii. Crease recovery of fabrics, factors effecting crease recovery, measurements of crease recovery by crease recovery tester.

- iv. Water repellancy tests.
 - v. Abrasion resistance test on fabric by Mortindale, Abrasion Tester.
6. TENSILE TESTING OF TEXTILES:
- i. Fibre strength testing by Pressely strength tester, stelometer.
 - ii. Yarn strength testing, types of testing machines, single yarn strength testing and Lea strength testing.
 - iii. Fabric strength testing by cut strip, grab strip and revealed strip methods.
 - iv. Fabric tear testing by tongue tear, trapezoid tear test.
 - v. Bursting strength testing by hydraulic strength tester.
7. EVENNESS TESTING
- i. Nature of irregularities - short term, medium term and long term variations, periodic and non periodic irregularities.
 - ii. Evenness testing by uster evenness tester and fielden and walker evenness tester.
 - iii. Classmate faults and classifaults.

TEXTILE TESTING
LIST OF EXPERIMENT

1. To find the count of yarn
(i) by physical balance
(ii) by yarn quadrants balance.
(iii) by Bessley yarn balance.
and to calculate Coefficient of variation (CV).
2. To calculate yarn count by wrap reel and to calculate
C.V..
3. Determine the twist of yarn per inch/per meter in double
yarn and its individual components by continuous
twist
tester and twist and untwist tester.
4. Find out the hank of sliver and roving with the aid of wrap
block machine.
5. Find the staple length of fibre by Bare Sorter.
6. Measure fibre fineness by flowing air through a sample
of
fibre by micronaire.
7. Find out fibre length by analytical digital fibrograph.
8. Find out lea strength of cotton yarn by lea strength
tester
(Power driven) and CSP.
9. Find the breaking strength of cotton yarn by
Ballistic
strength testing machine.
10. To find the breaking strength and elongation of
single
thread of cotton by single thread testing machine (Hand or
power driven).
11. Examine the bursting strength of a fabric by
bursting
strength tester.
12. Find out the relative abrasion properties of fabrics
by
Martindale abrasion tester.

13. Find the breaking strength of different textile fabrics by means of cloth strength tester (power driven).
14. Measure crimp by shirley crimp meter.
15. Find out air permeability of fabric by air permeability tester.
16. Measure crease recovery of fabric by crease recovery tester.
17. Find out fibre strength by stelometer.
18. Test of pilling of fabrics by computerized pilling tester.
19. Estimation of final pH value of finished fabric.
20. Test evenness of the yarn by evenness tester,

4.4 TEXTILE CHEMICAL PROCESSING
(COMMON TO Textile Technology)

L T P
6 - -

Rationale

The fabrics prepared go under variety of chemical processing before it reaches the hands of consumer. The processes have different objectives but they are important for quality and asthetic sense added to the fabric so is this paper here.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
A.	Preparatory Process	17	-	-
B.	Mergerisation	17	-	-
C.	Dyeing	17	-	-
D.	Printing	17	-	-
E.	Finishing	16	-	-
—		84	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

(A) PREPARATORY PROCESS

General Introduction of following :

1. Impurities in raw cotton, jute, wool and silk, thier removal.,
2. Cropping, Shearing, Cropping and Gas Singeing
3. Desizing.,
4. Scouring of cotton.,
5. Bleaching of cotton with Sodium Hypochlorite and Hydrogen

- peroxide.,
- 6. Scouring of wool.,
- 7. Carbonisation of wool.,
- 8. Milling.,
- 9. Crabbing of wool.,
- 10. Decatising.,
- 11. Degumming of silk.,
- 12. Jute retting.,
- 13. Heat setting of synthetic and synthetic blends (

object,

process, stenter used for the process) (Details

of

processes are not required).

(B) MERCERISATION

- 1. Object.
- 2. Mercerisation process for yarn and cloth.
- 3. Physical changes in fibres after mercerisation.

(C) DYEING:

- 1. Classification of dyes according to their mode

of

application.
- 2. Dyeing of cotton with direct, sulphur, vat,

solubilised

vat, reactive.
- 3. Dyeing of wool and silk.
- 4. Dyeing of Nylon, acetate and terrylene with disperse dyes.
- 5. Dyeing of acrylics with modified basic dyes.
- 6. Basic idea about dope dyeing.
- 7. Introduction of natural dyes- vegetables, minerals

and

animal dyes, dyeing of wool, silk & cotton with

these

dyes.

(D) PRINTING

1. Methods of printing: Block, screen and spray printing.

2. Styles of printing : Elementry knowledge of direct.
resists, discharge styles of printing.

(E) FINISHING:

Object of printing- Elementry knowledge of different printing processes.

4.5 INTRODUCTION TO KNITTING AND GARMENT TECHNOLOGY
(COMMON TO TEXTILE CHEMISTRY, Textile Technology)

L T P
4 2 4

Rationale

This paper deals with new developments in knitting and garment technology. This knowledge is the need of the hour to pace with the time.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Knitting	6	3	-
2.	Loop formation with needle	6	3	-
3.	Knitting Needles	6	3	-
4.	Stiches	4	2	-
5.	Types of loops	4	2	-
6.	Garment Classification	4	2	-
7.	Patterning and grading	4	2	-
8.	Types of Sleeves	6	3	-
9.	Spreading, Cutting and Sorting	6	3	-
10.	Sewing Technology	6	3	-
11.	Stiching defects & their remedies	4	2	-
—		56	28	56

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. KNITTING :

Introduction and general terms of knitting, Difference in woven and knitted fabrics, properties-knit Vs woven. Warp and weft knitting-mechanism and comparison.

2. LOOP FORMATION WITH NEEDLE :

Running position, clearing position, Feeding position, Knocking over positions, Knitting position.

3. KNITTING NEEDLES :

Beard, Latch, Compound type of knitting needles,
Advantages
and disadvantages of beard and latch type.

4. STITCHES :

Knit, tuck and floats and its comparison.

5. TYPES OF LOOPS :

Types of loops, Classification of weft knitted fabrics
-
single knit (single jersey), Double knit (double
jersey),
Factors responsible for production is weft
knitting
machine.

6. GARMENT CLASSIFICATION :

Garment classification for men and women. Fibre
selection
for garment and properties. Measurement and its
importance,
Methods of taking important body measurements for gents
and
ladies garments.

7. PATTERNING AND GRADING :

Patterning, importance of paper patterns, Types
of
patterns, Study of pattern drafting, Identification
of
fitting problems and its remedy.

8. Types of sleeves, collars, pockets, etc.

9. SPREADING, CUTTING AND SORTING :

Objectives of spreading, Methods of spreading, cutting
and
sorting.

10. SEWING TECHNOLOGY :

Classification of stitch, Types of seams sewing tools
and
part of sewing machine.

11. Stitching defects & their remedies.

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Standard measurement for children.
2. Bodies block for
 - i. 3 Years child
 - ii. Grown up woman
 - iii. Grown up man
3. Application of the principle and technique of pattern making
for design and construction of -
 - i. Blouse
 - ii. Ladies suit
 - iii. Gents shirts
 - iv. Pant.
4. Drafting of different types of sleeves and collars.
5. Study of construction and working of knitting machine.

4.6 COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN

L T P
5 2 -

RATIONALE

Diploma holders in mechanical Engineering with specialization in computer aided design are required to provide professional assistance in design of prototypes, tools jigs and fixtures. For this purpose, it is essential to impart knowledge and skills about computer aided graphics and design for enabling them to perform in this field. Hence this subject.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

S.NO.	UNITS	COVERAGE			TIME
		L	T	P	
1.	CAD Hardware	15	6	-	
2.	Selection of Appropriate Soft.	5	5	-	
3.	Graphic Package	10	6	-	
4.	CAD Software	10	5	-	
5.	2-D & 3-D transformations	18	6	-	
6.	Design process & Role of Computers in design process	10	4	-	
7.	Benefits of CAD	2	1	-	
		70	28	-	

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. CAD Hardware
 - 1.1 Different types of graphics display devices - Stroke writing, Raster, Beam Penetration colour CRT, Shadow mark colour CRT, TFT Monitor.
 - 1.2 Input devices such as mouse, digitiser, light pen, joy stick, thumb wheel, track ball, Scanner.

- 1.3 Graphics output devices - plotters and printers
2. Selection of an appropriate software
3. Graphic Package
 - 3.1 Ground rules for graphics package
 - 3.2 Graphics package
4. CAD Software - Application of CAD Software.
5. 2-D & 3-D transformations
Translation, scaling, rotation, mirror and share,
Zooming,
Panning and Clipping.
6. Design process and role of computers in design process
7. Benefits of CAD

4.7 ENERGY CONSERVATION

L T P
3 - 2

RATIONALE

The requirement of energy has increased manifold in last two decades due to rapid urbanization and growth in industrial/service sector. It has become a challenging task to meet ever increasing energy demands with limited conventional fuels and natural resources. Due to fast depletion of fossil fuels and a tremendous gap between supply and demand of energy, it is essential to adopt energy conservation techniques in almost every field like industries, commercial and residential sectors etc. Energy conservation has attained priority as it is regarded as an additional energy resource. Energy saved is energy produced. This course covers the concepts of energy management and its conservation. It gives the insight to energy conservation opportunities in general industry and details out energy audit methodology and energy audit instruments.

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. **Basics of Energy**
 - 1.1 Classification of energy- primary and secondary energy, commercial and non-commercial energy, non-renewable and renewable energy with special reference to solar energy, Capacity factor of solar and wind power generators.
 - 1.2 Global fuel reserve
 - 1.3 Energy scenario in India and state of U.P. Sector-wise energy consumption (domestic, industrial, agricultural and other sectors)
 - 1.4 Impact of energy usage on climate
2. **Energy Conservation and EC Act 2001**
 - 2.1 Introduction to energy management, energy conservation, energy efficiency and its need
 - 2.2 Salient features of Energy Conservation Act 2001 & The Energy Conservation (Amendment) Act, 2010 and its importance. Prominent organizations at centre and state level responsible for its implementation.
 - 2.3 Standards and Labeling
 - 2.3.1 Concept of star rating and its importance
 - 2.3.2 Types of product available for star rating
3. **Electrical Supply System and Motors**
 - 3.1 Types of electrical supply system
 - 3.2 Single line diagram
 - 3.3 Losses in electrical power distribution system
 - 3.4 Understanding Electricity Bill
 - 3.4.1 Transformers Tariff structure
 - 3.4.2 Components of power (kW, kVA and kVAR) and power factor, improvement of power factor

3.4.3 Concept of sanctioned load, maximum demand, contract demand and monthly minimum charges (MMC)

3.5 Transformers

- 3.5.1 Introduction
- 3.5.2 Losses in transformer
- 3.5.3 Transformer Loading
- 3.5.4 Tips for energy savings in transformers

3.6 Electric Motors

- 3.6.1 Types of motors
- 3.6.2 Losses in induction motors
- 3.6.3 Features and characteristics of energy efficient motors
- 3.6.4 Estimation of motor loading
- 3.6.5 Variation in efficiency and power factor with loading
- 3.6.6 Tips for energy savings in motors

4. Energy Efficiency in Electrical Utilities

4.1 Pumps

- 4.1.1 Introduction to pump and its applications
- 4.1.2 Efficient pumping system operation
- 4.1.3 Energy efficiency in agriculture pumps
- 4.1.4 Tips for energy saving in pumps

4.2 Compressed Air System

- 4.2.1 Types of air compressor and its applications
- 4.2.2 Leakage test
- 4.2.3 Energy saving opportunities in compressors.

4.3 Energy Conservation in HVAC and Refrigeration System

- 4.3.1 Introduction
- 4.3.2 Concept of Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER)
- 4.3.3 Energy saving opportunities in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) and Refrigeration Systems.

5 Lighting and DG Systems

5.1 Lighting Systems

- 5.1.1 Basic definitions- Lux, lumen and efficacy
- 5.1.2 Types of different lamps and their features
- 5.1.3 Energy efficient practices in lighting

5.2 DG Systems

- 5.2.1 Introduction
- 5.2.2 Energy efficiency opportunities in DG systems
- 5.2.3 Loading estimation

6 Energy Efficiency in Thermal Utilities

6.1 Thermal Basics

- 6.1.1 Types of fuels
- 6.1.2 Thermal energy
- 6.1.3 Energy content in fuels
- 6.1.4 Energy Units and its conversions in terms of Metric Tonne of Oil Equivalent (MTOE)

6.2 Energy Conservation in boilers and furnaces

- 6.2.1 Introduction and types of boilers
- 6.2.2 Energy performance assessment of boilers
- 6.2.3 Concept of stoichiometric air and excess air for combustion
- 6.2.4 Energy conservation in boilers and furnaces
- 6.2.5 Do's and Don'ts for efficient use of boilers and furnaces

6.3 Cooling Towers

- 6.3.1 Basic concept of cooling towers
- 6.3.2 Tips for energy savings in cooling towers

6.4 Efficient Steam Utilization

7 Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC)

7.1 ECBC and its salient features

7.2 Tips for energy savings in buildings

- 7.2.1 New Buildings
- 7.2.2 Existing Buildings

8 Waste Heat Recovery and Co-Generation

8.1 Concept, classification and benefits of waste heat recovery

8.2 Concept and types of co-generation system

9 General Energy Saving Tips

Energy saving tips in:

- 9.1 Lighting
- 9.2 Room Air Conditioner
- 9.3 Refrigerator
- 9.4 Water Heater
- 9.5 Computer
- 9.6 Fan, Heater, Blower and Washing Machine
- 9.7 Colour Television
- 9.8 Water Pump

- 9.9 Cooking
- 9.10 Transport

10 Energy Audit

- 10.1 Types and methodology
- 10.2 Energy audit instruments
- 10.3 Energy auditing reporting format

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

1. To conduct load survey and power consumption calculations of small building.
2. To check efficacy of different lamps by measuring power consumption and lumens using lux meter.
3. To measure energy efficiency ratio (EER) of an air conditioner.
4. To measure effect of valve throttling and variable frequency drive (VFD) on energy consumption by centrifugal pump.
5. To measure and calculate energy saving by arresting air leakages in compressor.
6. To measure the effect of blower speed on energy consumed by it.

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

1 Introduction to Personality Development

AIM, Skills, Types of Skills, LIFE SKILLS VS OTHER SKILLS,

Concept of Life Skills. Ten core Life Skills identified by WHO

2. Factors Influencing / Shaping Personality :

Introduction, Physical and Social Factors Influencing / Shaping

Personality (Hereditary, Self-Development, Environment, Education, Life-situations) Psychological AND Philosophical

Factors Influencing / Shaping Personality (Past Experiences,

Dreams and Ambitions, Self-Image, Values)

3. Self Awareness - 1

DIMENSIONS OF SELF AWARENESS (Self Realization, Self Knowledge or Self Exploration, Self Confidence, Self Talk, Self

Motivation, Self Esteem, Self Image, Self Control, Self

Purpose, Individuality and Uniqueness, Personality, Values,

Attitude, Character), SELF REALIZATION AND SELF EXPLORATION

THROUGH SWOT ANALYSIS AND JOHARI WINDOW,

4. Self Awareness - 2

SYMPATHY VS EMPATHY AND ALTRUISM,

Importance of Empathizing with Others,

5. Self Awareness - 3

Self-Awareness through Activity, Body Image (What is Body Image, What Decides our Body Image, What is Poor Body

Image, What are the Harmful Effects of Poor Body Image),
Tackling Poor Body Image(Enhance Self-Esteem, Build Up
Critical Thinking, Build up Positive Qualities, Understand
Cultural Variation, Dispel Myths, Utilize Life Skills)

6. Change Your Mind Set

What is Mindset, HOW TO CHANGE YOUR MINDSET (Get the
Best Information Only, Make the best people your Role
Model,

Examine Your Current Beliefs, Shape Your Mindset with
Vision

and Goals, Find Your Voice, Protect Your Mindset, Let Go of
Comparisons, Put An End To Perfectionism, Look At The
Evidence, Redefine What Failure Means, Stop Worrying About
What "People" Think)

INTERPERSONAL SKILLS

7. Interpersonal Relationship and Communication

INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIP , Forms of Interpersonal
Relationship, Must Have in an Interpersonal Relationship,
Interpersonal Relationship between a Man and a Woman (
Passion, Intimacy, Commitment), Relationship Between
Friends, ROLE OF COMMUNICATION IN INTERPERSONAL
RELATIONSHIP (Take Care Of Your Tone And Pitch, Choice of
Words is Important in Relationships, Interact Regularly, Be
Polite, Try To Understand The Other Person's Point Of View
As

Well, Individuals Can Also Communicate Through Emails,

8. NON-VERBAL COMMUNICATION Communication Skills

Non-Verbal Communication,

We Communicate with Our Eyes, Communication with Facial Expression, A Good Gesture, Appearance, Posture and Gait, Proximity and Touch), IMPORTANCE OF LISTENING, Characteristics of Good and Effective Listener(Is Attentive, Do Not Assume, Listen for Feelings and Facts, Concentrate on the Other Speakers Kindly and Generously, Opportunities)

9. Communication Skills ACTIVITIES -

Activities in Making Collages, Making Advertisements, PPT Preparation &

Presentation, Speaking -Seminars, Group Discussions, Debates,

Extempore Speeches, Listening to an audio clip and telling its

gist, Answering a telephone call, Making enquiries, General tips-

Pronunciation, Tone, Pitch, Pace, Volume, relevance, brief, simple Reading Newspaper, Magazines (Current Affairs, Economic magazines, Technical magazines), How to read a report, article, Writing- Resume Writing, Writing joining report,

Notice writing, Report making, Proposal writing, Advertisement,

Notice for tender, Minutes writing, E-Mail writing,

Listening News, Listening to audio clips.(Lecture, poetry, speech, songs),

10. Body Language skills

Introduction, What is Body Language , Body Language Parts, Personal Space Distances (Intimate Distance, Personal Distance,

Social Distance, Public Distance), IMPORTANT BODY

UNDERSTANDING OTHERS

11. Leadership Traits & Skills :

Introduction, Important Leadership Traits (Alertness, Bearing,

Courage, Decisiveness, Dependability, Endurance, Enthusiasm,

Initiative, Integrity, Judgment, Justice, Knowledge, Loyalty, Sense

of Humour), Other Useful traits (Truthfulness, Esprit-de-corps,

Unselfishness, Humility and sympathy, Tact without loss of moral

courage, Patience and a sense of urgency as appropriate, Selfconfidence,

Maturity, Mental including emotional stability)

12. Attitude

Types of Attitude, Components of Attitudes (Cognitive

Component, Affective Component, Behavioral Component),

Types of Attitudes (Positive Attitude, Negative Attitude, Neutral

Attitude, Rebellious Attitude, Rational and Irrational Attitudes,

Individual and Social Attitudes), Kinds of Attitude,

ASSERTIVENESS, How to Develop Assertiveness (Experiment and Try New Things, Extend Your Social Circle, Learn to Make

Decisions for Yourself, Indulge in Knowledge, Admire Yourself &

Others), Negotiation (Be Sensitive to The Needs Others, Be Willing To Compromise, Develop Your Problem-Solving Skills, Learn to Welcome Conflict, Practice Patience, Increase Your Tolerance For Stress, Improve Your Listening Skills, Learn To Identify Bottom-Line Issues Quickly, Be Assertive, Not Aggressive)

PROBLEM SOLVING

13. Analyzing & Solving a Problem skills

Critical Thinking, Creative Thinking, Decision Making, Goal Setting & Planning, Problem Solving

14. Time Management skills

Need of Time Management, TIME WASTERS (Telephone, Visitors , Paper work, Lack of Planning & Fire Fighting , Socializing , Indecision , TV , Procrastination),
PRINCIPLES OF

TIME MANAGEMENT - Develop a Personal Sense of Time (Time Log , value of other people's time), Identify Long-Term Goals ,

Concentrate on High Return Activities , Weekly & Daily Planning

(The Mechanics of Weekly Planning , Daily Planning), Make the

Best Use of Your Best Time , Organize Office Work (Controlling

Interruptions , Organizing Paper Work), Manage Meetings, Delegate Effectively, Make Use of Committed Time, Manage Your Health,

15. Stress Management Skills

INTRODUCTION, Understanding Stress and its Impact, Expected Responses (Physical, Emotional, Behavioral), stress signals(thoughts, feelings, behaviors and physical), STRESS MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES (Take Deep Breath, Talk It Out, Take A Break, Create a Quite Place in Your Mind, Pay Attention

to Physical Comfort, Move, Take Care of Your Body, Laugh, Mange Your Time, Know Your Limits, Do You Have To Be Right Always, Have A Good Cry, Look for the Good Things Around You, Talk Less, Listen More), UNDERSTANDING EMOTIONS AND FEELINGS-through Activity

16. Interview Skills (2 sessions from Industry Expert is Compulsory)

Curriculum Vitae (When Should a CV be Used, What Information

Should a CV Include, personal profile, Covering Letter, What

Makes a Good CV, How Long Should a CV Be, Tips on Presentation), Different Types of CV (Chronological, Skills-

Based), BEFORE THE INTERVIEW , CONDUCTING YOURSELF DURING THE INTERVIEW , FOLLOWING THROUGH AFTER THE INTERVIEW , Interview Questions To Think About , MOCK INTERVIEW - Activity (MOCK INTERVIEW EVALUATION - NON-VERBAL BEHAVIORS, VERBAL

BEHAVIORS, General Etiquettes to face the Board , Telephonic

interview

17. Conflict Motives -Resolution

Motives of Conflict(Competition for Limited Resources, The Generation Gap and Personality Clashes, Aggressive Personalities, Culturally Diverse Teams, Competing Work and Family Demands, Gender Based Harassment), Merits and Demerits of Conflict , Levels of Conflict (Interpersonal Conflict, Role Conflict, Inter-group Conflict, Multi-Party Conflict, International Conflict), Methods of Conflict Resolution (The Win-Lose Approach, The Lose-Lose Strategy, The Win-Win Approach), Techniques for Resolving Conflicts (Confrontation and Problem Solving Leading to Win-Win, Disarm the Opposition, Cognitive Restructuring, Appeal to Third Party, The Grievance Procedure)

18. Negotiation / Influencing Skills

Why Influencing, What Is Influencing, TYPES OF INFLUENCING SKILLS (Probing And Listening, Building Rapport, Sign Posting, Pacing, Selling, Assertiveness), LAWS AND PRINCIPLES OF INFLUENCE, The Six Laws of Influence (The Law of Scarcity, The Law of Reciprocity, The Law of Authority, The Law of Liking, The Law of Social Proof, The Law of Commitment and Consistency), Influencing Principles (Making a Start, Buy Yourself Thinking Time, Dealing With Disagreement, Difficult And Sensitive Situations)

19. Sociability : Etiquettes And Mannerism & Social Skills

Need for Etiquette , Types of Etiquettes (Social Etiquette, Bathroom Etiquette, Corporate Etiquette, Wedding Etiquette, Meeting Etiquette, Telephone Etiquette, Eating Etiquette, Business Etiquette, E-Mail Etiquettes,), MANNERISMS, HOW TO IMPROVE YOUR SOCIAL SKILLS (Be Yourself, Be Responsible, Be Open & Approachable, Be Attentive, Be Polite, Be Aware, Be Cautious)

20. Importance of Group / Cross Cultural Teams / Team Work skills Introduction, Types and Characteristics of Groups (Definition of a

Group, Classification / Types of Groups, Friendship Group, Task

Group, Formal Groups, Informal Group, Effective Group), Importance of a Group, Characteristics of a Mature Group, TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF A TEAM (Definition of a Team, Types of Teams, Functional Teams, Problem Solving Teams, Cross - Functional Teams, Self - Managed Teams), Importance of a Team, Characteristics of a Team

21. VALUES / CODE OF ETHICS

Meaning, A FEW IMPORTANT VALUES (Honesty, Integrity, Purity, Discipline, Selflessness, Loyalty, Fairness, Equality, Trust, Support, Respect, etc)

Note : One Orientation module for the faculty is must.

Involvement of Industry Experts is necessary for Interview Skills

5.2 INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

L T P
6 2 -

RATIONALE

The knowledge of this subject is required for all engineers/technicians who wish to choose industry/field as their career. This course is designed to develop understanding of various functions of management, role of workers and engineers and providing knowledge about industrial and tax laws.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No. Time	Units	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Principles of Management	8	-	-
2.	Human Resource Development	10		-
-				
3.	Wages and Incentives	4	-	-
4.	Human and Industrial Relations	6	-	-
5.	Professional Ethics	2		-
-				
6.	Sales and Marketing management		10	
-				
7.	Labour Legislation Act		10	
-				
8.	Material Management	8	-	-
9.	Financial Management	8	-	-
10.	Entrepreneurship Development		8	
-				
11.	Fundamental of Economics	5	-	-
12.	Accidents and Safety		5	
-				
		84	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. Principles of Management

- 1.1 Management, Different Functions: Planning, Organising, Leading, Controlling.
 - 1.2 Organizational Structure, Types, Functions of different departments.
 - 1.3 Motivation: Factors, characteristics, methods of improving motivation, incentives, pay, promotion, rewards, job satisfaction, job enrichment.
 - 1.4 Need for leadership, Functions of a leader, Factors for accomplishing effective leadership, Manager as a leader, promoting team work.
2. **Human Resource Development**
- 2.1 Introduction, objectives and functions of human resource development (HRD) department.
 - 2.2 Recruitment, methods of selection, training strategies and career development.
 - 2.3 Responsibilities of human resource management - policies and functions, selection - Mode of selection - Procedure - training of workers, Job evaluation and Merit rating.
3. **Wages and Incentives**
- 3.1 Definition and factors affecting wages, methods of wage payment.
 - 3.2 Wage incentive - type of incentive, difference in wage, incentive
and bonus; incentives of supervisor.
 - 3.3 Job evaluation and merit rating.
4. **Human and Industrial Relations**
- 4.1 Industrial relations and disputes.
 - 4.2 Relations with subordinates, peers and superiors.
 - 4.3 Characteristics of group behaviour and trade unionism.
 - 4.4 Mob psychology.
 - 4.5 Grievance, Handling of grievances.
 - 4.6 Agitations, strikes, Lockouts, Picketing and Gherao.

- 4.7 Labour welfare schemes.
- 4.8 Workers' participation in management.
- 5. **Professional Ethics**
 - 5.1 Concept of professional ethics.
 - 5.2 Need for code of professional ethics.
 - 5.3 Professional bodies and their role.
- 6. **Sales and Marketing management**
 - 6.1 Functions and duties of sales department.
 - 6.2 Sales forecasting, sales promotion, advertisement and after sale services.
 - 6.3 Concept of marketing.
 - 6.4 Problems of marketing.
 - 6.5 Pricing policy, break even analysis.
 - 6.6 Distribution channels and methods of marketing.
- 7. **Labour Legislation Act (as amended on date)**
 - 7.1 Factory Act 1948.
 - 7.2 Workmen's Compensation Act 1923.
 - 7.3 Apprentices Act 1961.
 - 7.4 PF Act, ESI Act.
 - 7.5 Industrial Dispute Act 1947.
 - 7.6 Employers State Insurance Act 1948.
 - 7.7 Payment of Wages Act, 1936.
 - 7.8 Intellectual Property Rights Act
- 8. **Material Management**
 - 8.1 Inventory control models.
 - 8.2 ABC Analysis, Safety stock, Economic ordering quantity.

- 8.3 Stores equipment, Stores records, purchasing procedures, Bin card, Cardex.
- 8.4 Material handling techniques.
- 9. **Financial Management**
 - 9.1 Importance of ledger and cash book.
 - 9.2 Profit and loss Account, Balance sheet.
 - 9.3 Interpretation of Statements, Project financing, Project appraisal, return on investments.
- 10. **Entrepreneurship Development**
 - 10.1 Concept of entrepreneur and need of entrepreneurship in the context of prevailing employment conditions.
 - 10.2 Distinction between an entrepreneur and a manager.
 - 10.3 Project identification and selection.
 - 10.4 Project formulation.
 - 10.5 Project appraisal.
 - 10.6 Facilities and incentives to an entrepreneur.
- 11. **Fundamental of Economics**
 - 11.1 Micro economics.
 - 11.2 Macro economics.
- 12. **Accidents and Safety**
 - 12.1 Classification of accidents based on nature of injuries, event and place.
 - 12.2 Causes and effects of accidents.
 - 12.3 Accident-prone workers.
 - 12.4 Action to be taken in case of accidents with machines, electric shock, fires and erection and construction accidents.
 - 12.5 Safety consciousness and publicity.
 - 12.6 Safety procedures.
 - 12.7 Safety measures - Do's and Don'ts and god housing keeping.

5.3 - FABRIC STRUCTURE & ANALYSIS
(Common To Textile Chemistry, Textile Technology)

L T P
6 2 -

Rationale

To a textile technologist "Fabric Structure Analysis" is a case of diagnosing ailments of a sick by a doctor. It improves his insight and experience. So is the rationale of introducing this paper in the curriculum.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Introduction	12	5	-
2.	Twill Weaves	12	5	-
3.	Analysis of Fabrics	12	4	-
4.	Satinweave	12	3	-
5.	Designs	12	5	-
6.	Fabrics	12	3	-
7.	Miscellaneous Weaves	12	3	-
		84	28	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION:

Introduction to fabric structure. Explanation of woven structure and other fabric structures. e.g. Knitted, Non-woven, Bonded etc.

- i. Definition of Warp and Weft, Ends and Picks.
Determination of warp and weft in a given fabric.
Design, Repeat of a design, Draft, Lifting or Peg plan and Denting order.

- ii. Types of drafts used in the manufacture of the fabrics.
- iii. Construction of plain weaves on point or graph paper.
Relation of draft, design and peg plan.
- iv. Construction of plain weave and its derivatives in the form of simple Matt or Hopsack and Ribbed Structures.
- v. Various Hopsack or Matt weave designs with warp face, weft face and reversible effects.
- vi. Ornamentation of plain fabrics by different methods.

2. TWILL WEAVES:

Construction of Twill weaves and their classification under the following heads.

- i. Continuous regular twills.
- ii. Pointed twills.
- iii. Combined twills.
- iv. Rearranged twills.
- v. Broken twills.
- vi. Fancy twills.
- vii. Herring bone twills.

3. ANALYSIS OF FABRICS:

- i. Analysis of a fabric and its objects. Confirmation of warp and weft and determination of weaving particulars from the given sample of a fabric.
- ii. Procedure for transferring the interlacement of ENDS and PICKS on graph paper for obtaining the design of the given sample of the fabric.

4. SATIN WEAVE:

Characteristics and uses of satin and sateen weaves.
Construction of regular and irregular satin and sateen.

5. DESIGN:

Construction of the following design on point paper
alongwith
their draft, peg plan, denting order and
weaving
particulars.

- i. Diamond and Diaper weaves on pointed draft.
- ii. CREPE weaves by different methods and
their
characteristics.
- iii. Simple Honeycomb, Brighton Honeycomb, Huck-a
back,
weaves.
- iv. Mockleno weaves.

6. FABRICS :

Calculation of fabric weight (GSM).

7. Miscelleneous Weaves

Design of following weaves only.

- i. Sponge weaves
- ii. Devon huck
- iii. Barley Corn
- iv. Stitched hop-sack
- v. Twilled hop-sack

5.4 YARN TECHNOLOGY - III

L T P
8 - -

Rationale

Controls of activities in any process is a must.
This paper deals with control of activities in both the process of spinning and weaving.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Process Control in Spinning	56	-	-
2.	Advance Spinning	56	-	-
-		112	-	-

NOTE:

Question paper will contain at least two compulsory questions from each part.

DETAILED CONTENTS

(1) PROCESS CONTROL IN SPINNING:

1. Control of mixing quality and cost, waste and cleaning in blow room and carding, comber waste yarn realisation.
2. Measurements and analysis of productivity, of different M/c.
3. Control of yarn count, strength, evenness and imperfections, statistical interpretation of data.
4. Breakage and efficiency studies and their analysis.

2. ADVANCE SPINNING:

- (i) Open end spinning, Different styles of open end spinnings such as Rotor spinning, Airjet spinning, Friction spinning, Air vortex spinning, Electrostatic spinning, Properties of open end spinning yarns defects of Open end spinning yarns.
- (ii) Tow To Top conversion processes- Stretch breacking and cutting methods. Tow characteristics, Different methods of tow to yarn conversion.
- Principle of texturing, its importance and application, Method of texturing, Heat setting and texturing, False twisting, Development of false twisting machines, Stuffer box crimping.
- e.g. Principle of draw texturising machines involved Draw twister for texturised yarn, Draw winder, Cone winder. Edge crimping, Principle of air bulking and properties of air textured yarns. Effect of process variable on textured yarn quality.
- (iii) Brief study of different processes involved in wollen and worsted spinning Properties wollen and worsted yarns.
- (iv) Principle & Working of compact spinning.

5.5 FABRIC TECHNOLOGY - III

L T P
8 - -

Rationale

This paper deals with new developments in spinning and weaving processes. This knowledge is the need of the hour to pace with the time.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Process Control in Weaving	45	-	-
2.	Advance Weaving	45	-	-
3.	Non Woven Technology	22	-	-
—		112	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

(1) PROCESS CONTROL IN WEAVING:

1. Measurement and control of quality and productivity and waste in winding, warping, sizing, drawing-in and weaving.
2. Common faults in weaving and their analysis and remedies.
3. Breakage and efficiency studies and their analysis and their improvement.

(2) ADVANCE WEAVING:

- (i) Principle of operation for shuttle less looms comparative study of new systems of weft insertions, Weft storage unit.

(ii) Unwinding tensions - Package build and colour selection mechanisms.

(iii) Types of Solvedge and their formation.

(iv) Theoretical aspects of airjet, waterjet, projectile rapier system of weft insertion.

(v) Working and detailed description of rapier and air jet Weaving machine, Weft transfer mechanism of rapier looms.

(vi) Principle of multi-phase weaving.

3. Non Woven Technology :

Fabric Formation through different methods of non woven tech.

5.6 TECHNICAL TEXTILE

L T P
8 - -

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Unit 1	24	-	-
2.	Unit 2	22	-	-
3.	Unit 3	22	-	-
4.	Unit 4	22	-	-
5.	Unit 5	22	-	-
—		112	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

Unit -1 :

Introduction to technical textile, types of technical textiles, textiles used in industry such as filtration, filter fabric construction- woven, needle felt & knitted filter fabric, finishing treatment of filter fabric, thermal and chemical properties of filter fabric, essential requirements of good filter fabric..

Unit -2 :

Manufacture and properties of protective textiles- water proof/coated and water repellent, antimicrobial, flame retardant, chemical resistance, Nuclear and biological resistance, mechanical resistance such as bullet proof, cut proof, stab proof

Unit -3:

Medical textiles, fibres used, classification of medical textiles- non-implantable material wound dressings, bandages, plasters, etc, Extra-corporal devices – Artificial kidney, liver lung, implantable material- suture, soft tissue implant, Orthopedic implants, Cardiovascular implants, Healthcare/ hygiene products, medical cost, surgical gown, face mast etc.

Unit- 4:

Smart textiles, brief introduction of smart textiles, classification of smart textiles, passive smart textiles, active smart textiles, brief discussion of smart shirt, smart suit, musical jacket, space suit etc. automotive textiles: type cord, seat belt, air bag, seat upholstery, carpets, headliners, helmets etc, Agro textile: Shade net, green house film, Mulch net, crop cover, anti hail and bird protection net, finishing net etc.

Unit -5 :

Introduction of geo textile, classification of geo textiles, functions of geo textiles oil reinforcement, drainage (fluid transmission), filtration, separation, erosion control/absorption, objective of geo textiles, manufacturing of geo textile, essential properties of geo textiles- Mechanical determinants, Hydraulic determinants, durability determinants.

VI Semester

6.1 ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION & DISASTER MANAGEMENT

	L	T	P
	4	-	-

RATIONALE :

A diploma student must have the knowledge of different types of pollution caused due to industrialisation and construction activities, so as he may help in balancing of eco-system and control pollution by providing controlling measures. They should be also aware of the environmental laws

for effectively controlling the pollution of environment.

The topics are to be taught in light of legislation Para-3.

TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS:

SL. NO.	TOPIC	L	T	P
1.	Introduction	6		
2.	Pollution	4		
2.1	Water Pollution	8		
2.2	Air Pollution	8		
2.3	Noise Pollution	4		
2.4	Radio Active Pollution	6		
2.5	Solid Waste Management	6		
3.	Legislations	4		
4.	Environmental Impact Assessment	4		
5.	Disaster Management	6		
TOTAL		56	-	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION :

- Basics of ecology, Ecosystem, Biodiversity Human activities and its effect on ecology and eco system, different development i.e. irrigation, urbanization, road development and other engineering activities and their effects on ecology and eco system, Mining and deforestation and their effects.
- Lowering of water level , Urbanization.
- Biodegradation and Biodegradability, composting, bio remediation, Microbes .Use of biopesticides and biofungicides.
- Global warning concerns, Ozone layer depletion, Green house

effect, Acid rain, etc.

2. POLLUTION :

Sources of pollution, natural and man made, their effects on living environments and related legislation.

2.1 WATER POLLUTION :

- Factors contributing water pollution and their effect.
- Domestic waste water and industrial waste water. Heavy metals, microbes and leaching metal.
- Physical, Chemical and Biological Characteristics of waste water.
- Indian Standards for quality of drinking water.
- Indian Standards for quality of treated waste water.
- Treatment methods of effluent (domestic waste water and industrial/ mining waste water), its reuse/safe disposal.

2.2 AIR POLLUTION :

Definition of Air pollution, types of air pollutants i.e. SPM, NOX, SOX, CO, CO₂, NH₃, F, CL, causes and its effects on the environment.

- Monitoring and control of air pollutants, Control measures techniques. Introductory Idea of control equipment in industries i.e.
 - A. Settling chambers
 - B. Cyclones
 - C. Scrubbers (Dry and Wet)
 - D. Multi Clones
 - E. Electro Static Precipitations
 - F. Bog Fillers.
- Ambient air quality measurement and their standards.

- Process and domestic emission control
- Vehicular Pollution and Its control with special emphasis of Euro-I, Euro-II, Euro-III and Euro IV.

2.3 NOISE POLLUTION :

Sources of noise pollution, its effect and control.

2.4 RADISACTIVE POLLUTION :

Sources and its effect on human, animal, plant and material, means to control and preventive measures.

2.5 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT :

Municipal solid waste, Biomedical waste, Industrial and Hazardous waste, Plastic waste and its management.

3. LEGISLATION :

Preliminary knowledge of the following Acts and rules made thereunder-

- The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act - 1974.
- The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act - 1981.

- The Environmental Protection (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act -1986. Rules notified under EP Act - 1986
Viz.

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical (Amendment) Rules, 2000

The Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Amendment Rules, 2003.

Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) (Amendment) Rules, 2003.

The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) (Amendment) Rules, 2002.

Municipal Solid Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000.

The Recycled Plastics Manufacture and Usage (Amendment) rules, 2003.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EIA) :

- Basic concepts, objective and methodology of EIA.
- Objectives and requirement of Environmental Management System (ISO-14000) (An Introduction).

5. DISASTER MANAGEMENT :

Definition of disaster - Natural and Manmade, Type of disaster management, How disaster forms, Destructive power, Causes and Hazards, Case study of Tsunami Disaster, National policy- Its objective and main features, National Environment Policy, Need for central intervention, State Disaster Authority- Duties and powers, Case studies of various Disaster in the country, Meaning and benefit of vulnerability reduction, Factor promoting vulnerability reduction and mitigation, Emergency support function plan. Main feature and function of National Disaster Management Frame Work, Disaster mitigation and prevention, Legal Policy Frame Work, Early warning system, Human Resource Development and Function, Information dissemination and communication.

6.2 ADVANCE FABRIC STRUCTURE

L	T	P
6	4	-

Rationale

The paper deals with more complicated structures of today's fabrics. This knowledge is essential for modern textile technologists.

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Welts & Piques	08	6	-
2.	Bed Ford Cards	08	6	-
3.	Backed Fabrics (Warp & Weft)	08	6	-
4.	Extra Warp & Weft	08	6	-
5.	Double Cloth	08	5	-
6.	Gauze & Leno Fabrics	08	5	-
7.	Turkish Towelling	08	5	-
8.	Jacquard Hardness & Design Calculation	08	5	-
9.	Special Leno Structures	08	5	-
10.	Pile Fabrics	08	5	-
11.	Lappet and Swivel Weaving	04	2	-
		84	56	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. WELTS AND PIQUES:

Varieties and characteristics of piques and welts, methods of embellishing pique fabrics, their structure, plain pique, backed pique, fast backed welts and waved pique.

2. BED FORD CORDS:

Plain faced bedford, wadded bedford cord, bedford cord arranged with alternate picks and cords containing odd number of ends. twill-faced bedford cord.

3. BACKED FABRICS (WARP AND WEFT):

Backed fabrics, wadded warp and weft backed fabrics,
their
beaming and drafting procedure.

4. EXTRA WARP AND WEFT:

Principles of figuring with extra warp and weft one and
one
i.e. pick and pick wefting, two and two wefting. Methods
of
disposing of extra threads on the back of the fabric.
Spot
figures with extra warp and extra weft arranged in
a
particular order.

5. DOUBLE CLOTH:

Construction of double and multiple cloths on design
paper,
their beaming, drafting and pegging. Types of
double
structures viz.

- (i) Tubular Fabrics.
- (ii) Double-faced Fabrics.
- (iii) Fabrics opening to double the width.
- (iv) Double equal plain fabrics.
- (v) Centre stitched double cloth.

6. GAUZE AND LENO FABRICS:

Structure of gauze and leno fabrics, bottom and top
douping.

Different types of sheds formed in gauge and leno
fabrics,
comparison of gauge and leno. Combination of gauge and
other
weaves, striped patterns.

7. TURKISH TOWELLING:

Principles of formation of pile, construction of
three,
four, five and six pick terry fabrics their methods
of
drafting and denting. Terry ornamentation.

8. SPECIAL LENO STRUCTURES:

Cellular tennis shirting, Russian cords, Net Lenos, combination of gauge and leno with extra warp and extra weft. Two doup pattern, Distorted weft and styles.

9. PILE FABRICS:

Designing of plain warp pile fabrics in detail. reversible warp pile structure and double plush weaving. Weft pile fabrics, twill back velveteens, Corduroy fabrics, weft plushes. Varieties of suiting fabrics. Distinctive features and modification of toilet fabrics.

10. LAPPET AND SWIVEL WEAVING:

Introduction Only

11. Analysis of Fabrics.

12. CAD in Textiles : Introduction only

6.3 PRINCIPLE AND DESIGN OF SPINNING MACHINE

L T P
8 4 -

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Unit 1	24	12	-
2.	Unit 2	22	11	-
3.	Unit 3	22	11	-
4.	Unit 4	22	11	-
5.	Unit 5	22	11	-
		112	56	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

Unit 1:

Transmission of motion through belts, ropes, chains, tapes etc. Tangential belt drive, Variable speed drive, Design of cone drums for Scutcher, principles of mixing, opening, cleaning in Blow Room line, difference in aerodynamics of lint and trash and its utilization in blow room Machinery design, redesigning of openers by using different principles for better performance.

Unit 2:

Transmission of motion to various parts of carding machine, detail study of varieties of licker-in, cylinder and flat clothing and its influence on carding performance, different systems of carding web collection, sliver coiling system, Inertia of carding engine, latest carding machine developments.

Unit 3:

Concept of lap formation for comber, designing concept of comber cylinder, top comb, detaching system, concept of noil control, latest machinery developments in comber frame.

Unit 4:

Different drafting systems in draw frame, roller weighing system, roller setting, and different stop motion, Differential motions used in speed frame, design of cone drums for speed frame, Design of flyer, spindle vibration measurement and control, building motion of speed frame.

Unit 5:

Design and analysis of ring frame comes, designing concept of building motion of ring frame, design of ring spindle and bolster, designing concept of various rings and travelers.

6.4 PRINCIPLE AND DESIGN OF WEAVING MACHINE

L T P
8 4 -

Topic Wise Distribution of Periods

Sl.No. Time	Topics	Coverage		
		L	T	P
1.	Unit 1	24	12	-
2.	Unit 2	22	11	-
3.	Unit 3	22	11	-
4.	Unit 4	22	11	-
5.	Unit 5	22	11	-
—		112	56	-

DETAILED CONTENTS

Unit 1:

Designing concepts of drum winding, designing of winding drum, traverse in different winding machines, Concepts of latest tensioners for winding, designing concept of slub catchers.

Unit 2:

Designing concepts of warping drums, sectional warping, designing concepts of high efficiency creels, Transmission of motion in warping machines, concept of designing of stop motions in warping.

Unit 3:

Designing concept of saw box for sizing machine, designing of drying cylinder, heating system for drying cylinder, Concept of cold sizing for worsted warp sizing, latest machinery developments in sizing machines

Unit 4:

Principles governing the design of looms. Mechanics of basic weaving operations, Kinetics of slay, slay eccentricity, designing concepts of tappet for different twill weaves, warp tension measurement and its control, Different picking system, weft insertion system of sulzer, rapier, airjet and waterjet systems.

Unit 5:

Brief introduction of electronic Dobby and Jacquard, Designing concept of multiphase weaving, mechanism of different stop motions on shuttleless looms.

6.5 PROJECT

L T P
- - 8

Two periods per week are allotted for project work in the final year of the course. In classroom students (i) be encouraged and helped for developing new designs in yarn/weave (ii) be given clear idea of establishing a spinning/weaving unit of given size beginning from selection of site, deciding type of building construction/shed, units of machinery required, their layout. Fundamental requirements of spinning and weaving mill organisation. Deciding number of workers and their type. Process control in spinning and weaving departments, elements of costing and costing procedures in various sections, Factors affecting productivity and efficiency of men and machines, sources of finance and development of resources.

For general awareness students be introduced to organisations involved in certification, standardisation, research and development of textile products Viz. BIS,

Centre Silk Board, Textile Committee, Textile Commission,

Jute Commission, ATIRA, NITRA, BTRA, etc.

The project paper will be of two parts. Part-A will contain the problems to evaluate students learning. The Part-B will be regarding students awareness of the plans and programmes running for rural development, ecological balance and environmental pollution control, entrepreneurship development and agencies involved in these works.

PART-A:

Part-A will contain two types of problems (i) relating to development of designs in yarn/weave and preparing their samples. (ii) relating to establishment of a spinning/weaving unit of given size. The student will be allowed to choose one either kind of the problem to solve.

PART-B:

The student will survey a village and prepare a report giving details of population, means of livelihood, Health and hygienic conditions, Education facilities and various programmes/projects running for the development and the personnels and agencies involved in the work. He will also make observation on environmental pollution and ecological disturbances and will make a mention of these in his report with their reasons, suggesting remedies. Without it the project will not be taken as complete. The student will also do some constructive work for pollution control as advised by the guiding teacher

Student will choose any one of the problems from Part(A) and Part(B) is compulsory for all students. The students can be

divided into groups of threes to do one problem.
 The students will be examined for 100 marks by an
 examiner appointed by B.T.E, U.P.

1. Examination Marks		100
Part A:-		
Project Work	50	
Viva Voce	25	
Part B:-		
Project Work	15	
Viva Voce	10	
Sessional Marks	50	50
	-----	-----
Total	150	150
	-----	-----

6.6 INDUSTRIAL TRAINING (4 Week)

Viva Voce	100
Sessional Marks	40

Total	140

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE ENGINEERING
STAFF STRUCTURE

Intake of the Course 60
Pattern of the Course Semester System

S.No.	Name of Post	No.
1.	Principal	1
2.	HOD	1
3.	Lecturer(*)	7
4.	Lecturer in Communication Tech.	1 (Part-time)
5.	Instructor	2
6.	Computer Programmer	1
7.	Steno Typist	1
8.	Accountant/Cashier	1
9.	Student/Library Clerk	1
10.	Store Keeper	1
11.	Class IV	6
12.	Sweeper	Part time as per requirement
13.	Chaukidar & Mali	As per need with justification

NOTE :

1. The number of staff required for individual institution shall be worked out in accordance with the norms laid down in G.O.No. 2281/Pra. Shi. -3-1989-60 (B)/85 dated June 27, 1989.
2. Services of the staff of other disciplines of the Institute may be utilised.
3. The post of "Computer Programmer" is not needed in the institutions where diploma in "Electronics Engineering" is running.
4. QUALIFICATIONS OF STAFF : As per Service Rules.

*: Lecturer - Three - Degree In Textile Engineering
Lecturer - Three - Degree In Textile Technology
Lecturer - One - Degree In Mechanical Engineering

SPACE STRUCTURE

No. M2

[A]. Administrative Block

1.	Principial's room	1	30
2.	Steno room	1	6
3.	Confidential room	1	10
4.	Reception Lounge	1	25
5.	Main Office	1	(.25 Sqm./Student)
6.	Library (common with other disciplines)	1	150
7.	Common room	3	150
	A. Boys Common Room	1	50
	B. Girls Common Room	1	50
	C. Staff Common Room	1	50
8.	Class rooms	2	120
9.	Store (100+0.1xStudent Population)	1	109
10.	Confrence Room	1	75
11.	Head of Department Room	1	15
12.	Lecturer Room	1	(10 Sqm./Lecturer)
13.	Confidential Office for Examination work	1	25
14.	Estate Office (Security,Campus,Services)	1	25

[B] Acedemic Block

Sl.No.	Detail of Space	No.	@ Sq.m	Floor Area Sq.m.
1.	Class Room	2	60	120
2.	Drawing Hall	1	120	120
3.	Physics Lab			90
4.	Chemistry Lab			120
5.	General Mechanical Engineering Lab			120
6.	Textile Testing Lab.			
	A Fibre			11470x4800mm
	B Yarn			11470x4800mm
	C Fabric			11000x7500mm
7.	Process House (Dyeing, Bleaching and Printing & Finishing)			39830x15230mm
8.	Spinning Lab			36694x15000mm
9.	Electrical Technology & Electronics Lab or Common with Electrical Engineering.			
10.	Weaving Lab			36694x15000mm
11	Computer Lab (Air Cond.Glass Partition and Special type pvc flooring and false ceiling)			60
	[C] Work shop			
	I Workshop Supdt. Room			12
	II Store			20
	III Shops			
	(a) Carpentry Shop			50
	(b) Smithy Shop			70
	(c) Fitting Shop			50
	(d) Welding Shop			50

(e) Painting Shop	50
(f) Sheet Metal ,Soldering & Brazing shop	50
(g) Plumbing shop	50
(h) Machine Shop	150
(i) Foundry	75

[D]. Common Facilities

1. Dispensary	1	75
2. Canteen, Cooperative Store,Bank Extension Centre, Postal Services etc.	1	150
3. Parking space		
A. Cycle Stand	(1 Sqm./Cycle For 25% Students)	
B. Scooter Stand	(3 Sqm./Scooter For 25% Students)	
C. Car Garage	(15 Sqm./ Car)	
D. Bus Garage	(55 Sqm./ Bus)	
4. N.C.C. block	1	(2 Sqm/Student)
5. Guest room (with 2 guest rooms and service facility)	1	100

[D]. Residential Facilities

1. Hostel for students	1	for 50% boys & 100% girls students to be provided in seperate block)
2. Staff quarters		
Principal	1	Type IV
HOD/Warden	2	Type IV
Sr. Lect./Lect.	2	Type IV
Technical/Ministerial staff	4	Type II
Class IV	6	Type I
3. Play ground (common)	1	1500-2500 Sqm depending upon availability of land

Priority to be given in following order

- (1)
 - a. Administrative Building
 - b. Labs
 - c. Workshop
 - d. Over head Tank
 - e. Boundary Wall
 - f. Principal Residence
 - g. Fourth Class Quarters (2/3)
- (2)
 - a. Hostel
 - b. Students Aminities
- 3) Residences of employee

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

1. Equipment essentially required for performing the practicals mentioned in the curriculum are only to be procured.
2. Experimental model/Prototype/Lab Model be purchased in place of costly machines/equipments.
3. "Machine/Equipment/Instruments of old BTE list which are not included in the list given below are to be retained in the Lab/Shop for Demonstration purpose but not to be purchased fresh."

I. APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Brass ball with hook 2 cm. dia	2	20	40
2.	Stop clock least count 0.1 Sec	2	500	1000
3.	Wall bracket with clamping arrangement	2	50	100
4.	Meter scale	5	20	100
5.	Convex lenses of focal length 10 cm., 20 cm., 50 cm. and 100 cm. 2 nos. of each	8	10	80
6.	Optical bench steel with pin and lens holders	2	500	1000
7.	Astronomical telescope	1	500	500
8.	Searl's conductivity apparatus with copper & steel rods 25 X 4 cm. diameter with all accessories	1 set	1000	1000
9.	Lea's conductivity app. complete with all accessories	1 set	1000	1000
10.	Constant water flow arrangement	2	400	800
11.	Boiler made of copper 2 lt. cap.	4	200	800
12.	Platinum resistance thermometer	2	800	1600
13.	Potentiometer - 10 wires with jockey	1	500	500
14.	Meter bridge complete	1	250	250
15.	Lead accumulator 2.2 V. and 20 amp. hour capacity	2	250	500
16.	Moving coil galvanometer	3	200	600
17.	Moving coil ammeter 0-1 amp., 0-5 amp., 0-10 amp., 1 no of each	3	250	750
18.	Moving coil voltmeter 0-1 V. 0-5 V., 0-10 V. 1 No of each	3	250	750
19.	Leclanchi cell complete	3	100	300
20.	Resonance col. of steel tube with tuning forks and other accessories	1	500	500
21.	Tuning forks set of different frequencies	1 set	1000	1000
22.	App. for determining coefficient of friction on a horizontal plane	1 set	1000	1000
23.	Appratus for determining characteristics of P-N junction diode complete with all accessories	1 set	1500	1500
24.	Post office box dial type	1	1200	1200
25.	Resistance box 0-10 ohm., 0-100 ohm. 2 nos. each	4	400	1600

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
26.	Rheostat of different ohm.capacity	8	250	2000
27.	Physical balance with weight box	2	800	1600
28.	Set of fractional weights	10	20	200
29.	Fortin's barometer with mercury	1	2500	2500
30.	Battery eleminator 6 V. & 3 amp.	1	250	250
31.	Lab tables	3	8000	24000
32.	Lab stools	10	100	1000
33.	Anemometer cup type	1	1000	1000
34.	Anemometer hand held	1	1000	1000
35.	Suryamapi	1	1500	1500
36.	Insolation meter	1	1500	1500
	Misc.	LS		5000

II. APPLIED CHEMISTRY LAB

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Test tube stand	15	10	150
2.	Funnel stand	15	10	150
3.	Burette stand	15	30	450
4.	Pipette stand	15	10	150
5.	Chemical balances with analytical weights 1gm -200gms	5	1500	7500
6.	Fractional weights set with rider	5sets	25	125
7.	Kipp's apparatus 1000 ml. polythen	2	500	1000
8.	Reagents bottles			
	250ml	120	10	1200
	500ml	5	15	75
	1000ml	5	25	125
9.	Wide mouth bottle 250 ml	15	15	225
10.	Winchester bottle 2.5 litre	15	30	450
11.	Test tubes 1/4" x 6"	75	1	75
12.	Boiling tube 1" x 6" hard glass	24	10	240
13.	Pestle and mortar 10 cms	2	30	60
14.	Watch glass 7.5 cms	15	5	75
15.	Beakers			
	100 ml.	10	15	150
	250 ml.	24	20	480
	400 ml.	12	25	300
	1000 ml.	5	30	150
16.	Weighing bottle 10 ml with lid	15	10	150
17.	Wash bottles	15	15	225
18.	Conical flask 250 ml.	15	30	450
19.	Flat bottom flask 500 ml.	6	40	240
20.	Flat bottom flask 250 ml.	15	25	375
21.	Burette 50 ml.	15	60	900
22.	Pipette 25 ml.	15	20	300
23.	Measuring flask 250 ml. with stopper	15	50	750
24.	Measuring cylinder of various sizes (250 ml, 500 ml, 1000 ml) 3 no. of each	9	LS	250
25.	Bunsen's burner of brass	15	50	750
26.	Gas plant petrol 10 to 20 burners automatic	1	5000	5000
27.	Spirit lamp	15	30	450
28.	Tripod stand	15	10	150
29.	Wire gauge 15 X 15 cm. with asbestos	15	15	225
30.	Test tube holder	15	10	150
31.	Porcelain plates	15	20	300
32.	Funnel 15 cm.	15	16	240
33.	Blow pipe & work tools with electric blower for glass blowing	1 set	10000	10000
34.	Cork borers with sharpn	2 set	100	200
35.	Cork pressure	1 set	250	250
36.	Glass cutting knife	1	75	75
37.	Spatula hard & nickel/steel	2 each	50	100
38.	Water tapes with gooseneek	6	200	1200

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
39.	Gas taps two way	10	150	1500
40.	Pinch cock & screw	15	20	300
41.	Distilled water units (electrical)	1	5000	5000
42.	Distilled water units (solar)	1	5000	5000
43.	Open balance 1000 gms./10 mg.	1	600	600
44.	Platinum wire	5	25	125
45.	Brush for cleaning various type	40	10	400
46.	Jars 20 Lit. for keeping distilled water	5	100	500
47.	Lab table 2 m. x 1.2 m. x 1 m. hight with central sink and cup boards (Teak wood) with drawers and two built in almirah on each side with reagent racks, better tile top	4	8000	32000
48.	Exhaust fans 18"	4	2000	8000
49.	Side racks and selves for bench reagents made of teak wood for 24 bottels each set	4	2000	8000
50.	Digital balance electronic	1	10000	10000
51.	Hot plates 7-1/2", 3" dia controled 2000 watts	1	1000	1000
52.	Hot air oven thermostatically controled with selves and rotary switches 350 x 350 x 25 high	1	8000	8000
53.	pH Meter	1	1000	1000
54.	Glass Electrode	2		
55.	Reference Electro	2		
	Miscellaneous	LS		10000

III. WORKSHOP PRACTICE

CARPENTRY SHOP

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	60 cm.rule	10	15	150
2.	Flexible steel rule 2 metre	2	20	40
3.	T square 23 cm. steel	10	20	200
4.	Bevel square 23 cm. steel	2	30	60
5.	Marking knife 25 cm. steel	10	30	300
6.	Marking gauge wooden & brass 25 cm.	10	30	300
7.	Mortise gauge wooden & brass 25 cm.	10	50	500
8.	Caliper inside, steel 20 cm.	2	50	100
9.	Caliper outside , steel 20 cm.	2	50	100
10.	Compass steel 20cm.	2	40	80
11.	Deviver steel 20 cm.	2	40	80
12.	Plumb	2	20	40
13.	Wooden bench vice steel 20 cm.	10	200	2000
14.	Bench hold fast steel 30 cm.	10	40	400
15.	Bar clamp 2 m.	2	300	600
16.	G clamp of flat spring steel 20x30 cm.	4	60	240
17.	Rip saw 40-45 cm.	10	80	800
18.	Cross cut saw 40-45 cm.	2	80	160
19.	Tennon saw 30-35 cm.	10	50	500
20.	Dovetail saw 30-35 cm.	2	60	120
21.	Compass saw 35 cm.	4	60	240
22.	Key hole saw or pad saw 30-35 cm.	2	25	50
23.	Bow saw	2	25	50
24.	Frame saw	2	25	50
25.	Chisel fish brand 1" to 1/8" firmer	3 set	100	300
	Dovetail	3 set	100	300
	Mortise	3 set	100	300
26.	Gauge or Golchi 1" to 1/8"	3 set	150	450
27.	Wooden jack plane complete	10	100	1000
28.	Wooden smoothing plane	10	80	800
29.	Iron jack plane complete	10	200	2000
30.	Iron rebate plane complete	3	80	240
31.	Iron grooving plane complete	3	120	360
32.	Iron compass plane complete	3	200	600
33.	Wooden moulding plane complete	3	200	600
34.	Bradawl	3	150	450
35.	Gimlet drills set	1 set	150	150
36.	Center bit	2	120	240
37.	Twist bit	2	80	160
38.	Auger bit	2	40	80
39.	Dovetail bit	2	15	30
40.	Counter shank bit	2	20	40
41.	Ratchet brace machine	2	175	350
42.	Grand drill machine 1/4" burmi	2	200	400
43.	Wooden hand drill	5	200	1000
44.	Wooden mallet	10	25	250
45.	Claw hammer	3	30	90
46.	Carpenters hammer	10	30	300
47.	Turning tool set for lathe	3 set	800	2400
48.	Screw driver 18" & 15"	6	50	300

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
49.	Adze 500 gm.	10	50	500
50.	Pincer 175 mm.	6	75	750
51.	Plier 150 mm.	4	90	360
52.	Oil stone 8"	4	75	300
53.	Rasp file 12"	4	100	400
54.	Half round file 12"	4	80	320
55.	Round file 12"	4	80	320
56.	Triangular file 5", 4"	8	60	480
57.	Water stone	4	20	80
58.	Carpentry work benches	4	2000	8000
59.	Band saw machine complete	1	30000	30000
60.	Circular saw machine	1	15000	15000
61.	Grinding machine with motor	1	6000	6000
62.	Universal wood working machine	1	15000	15000
	misc. for foundation of machines	LS		10000
SMITHY SHOP				
1.	Anvil 150 Kg. with stand	5	2500	12500
2.	Swage block 50x30x8cm.&45x45x10cm.	2	1250	2500
3.	Hammers			
	Ball peen 8 Kg.	10	150	1500
	Cross peen 8 Kg.	10	150	1500
4.	Beak iron 25 Kg.	1	500	500
5.	Swages different types	6	40	240
6.	Fullers different types	6	30	180
7.	Leg vice 15 cms. opening	1	150	150
8.	Electric blower with motor	1	5000	5000
9.	Furnace chmney with exhaust pipe	5	5000	25000
10.	Sledge Hammer 5Kg	2	200	400
	Misc. tools		LS	2500
SHEET METAL, SOLDERING & BRAZING				
1.	Dividers - 15cm.	5	60	300
2.	Trammel 1 m.	1		
3.	Angle protector	5	60	300
4.	Try square 30 cm.	5	40	200
5.	Centre punch	5	20	100
6.	Steel rule 30 cm. , 60 cm.,	5	25	125
7.	Sheet metal gauge	1	120	120
8.	Straight snips 30 cm.	2	250	500
9.	Curved snips 30 cm.	2	300	600
10.	Bench shear cutter 40 cm.	1	5000	5000
11.	Chisel 10 cm.	5	100	500
12.	Hammer	5	150	750
13.	Bench vice 13 cm.	5	1000	5000
14.	Plier	5	50	250
15.	Nose plier	5	60	300
16.	Sheet metal anvil/stakes	5	2000	10000
17.	Shearing machine 120 cm.	1	2500	2500
18.	Solder electric	2	500	1000
19.	Solder furnace type	2	250	500
20.	Brazing equipments and accessories	1	5000	5000
21.	Blow lamp	2	250	500
22.	Sheet bending machine	1	10000	10000
	Misc.		LS	5000

FITTING SHOP

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Bench vice jaw 10 cm.	10	300	3600
2.	Surface plate 45x45 cm.	2	2000	4000
3.	V. Block 10x7x4 cm.	5	350	1650
4.	Try square	10	40	400
5.	Bevel protractor 30 cm.	1	2100	2100
6.	Combination set	1	2500	2500
7.	Divider	5	60	300
8.	Centre punch	5	20	100
9.	Calipers (Different sizes)	12	20	240
10.	Vernier calipers 30 cm.	2	600	1200
11.	Micrometer 0-25, 25-50 m.m.	4	500	2000
12.	Vernier depth gauge	1	350	350
13.	Feeler gauge--15 blades	1	30	30
14.	Radius gauge	1	100	100
15.	Angle gauge	1	100	100
16.	Thread gauge	1	100	100
17.	Bench drilling machine 13 mm.	1	5000	5000
18.	Double ended electric grinder	1	4000	4000
19.	Drill set	1set	1000	1000
20.	Reamer set	1set	2000	2000
21.	Tap set	1set	2000	2000
22.	Adjustable wrenches	1set	2000	2000
23.	Allen key set	1set	350	350
24.	Spanners	6	60	360
25.	Work benches	6	2000	12000
26.	Power hacksaw	1	4000	4000
	Misc. Files, Dieset, Hexa frames etc.		LS	10000

WELDING SHOP

1.	Ellectric welding set oil cooled	1	10000	10000
2.	Industrial regulator type oil cooled arc welder	1	12000	12000
3.	Air cooled spot welder 7.5 KVA	1	15000	15000
4.	General accssories for air cooled spot welder of 7.5 KVA			8000
5.	Gas welding set with gas cutting torch and complete with all accessories	1	15000	15000
6.	Misc. work benches		LS	20000

PAINTING & POLISHING SHOP

1.	Air compressor complete with 2 HP motor	1set	12000	12000
2.	Spray gun with hose pipe	1	1000	1000
3.	Stoving oven	1	3000	3000
4.	Buffing machine with leather and cotton wheels	1	4000	4000
5.	Electroplating Equipment for cromium Nikle plating.	1	10000	10000
	Misc.		LS	2000

PLUMBING SHOP

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Pipe vice 5 cm.	4	250	1000
2.	Chain wrenches	5	250	1250
3.	Ring spanner Set	5	125	625
4.	Wheel pipe cutter	2	300	600
5.	Water pump plier	4	50	200
6.	Pipe die set 2" set	2 set	600	1200
7.	Pipe bending device	1	5000	5000
8.	Work benches	4	4000	16000
9.	Set of various types of plumbing fittings e.g. Bib cock, Cistern, Stop cock, Wheel volve, Gat volve etc.		LS	2000
10.	Misc. Hacksaw frame and others		LS	2000

FOUNDRY SHOP

1.	Moulding boxes	50		12000
2.	Laddles	5		1000
3.	Tool kits	10 sets		2500
4.	Quenching tanks water or oil	2		1000
5.	Permiability tester	1		1000
6.	Mould hardness tester	1		6000
7.	Sand tensile testing equipment	1		7500
8.	Portable grinders	1		3000
9.	Temperature recorders/controllers	LS		5000
10.	Pit furnace with Blower	1		5000

MACHINE SHOP

1.	Lathe machine 4.5 feet "V" bed. Height of centres 8.5 inch. Dog chuck 8 inch complete 1 H.P. motor 440v, push button starter with coolent pump, tray and with standard accessories.	2	25000	50000
2.	Shaper machine 12 inch stroke with 2 H.P. motor 440 volts push button starter with vice 6 inch (Swivel base)	1	20000	200000

NOTE:-

The institutes running mechanical engg. course need not purchase these two items sepreately because they will have one complete machine shop for the course

GENERAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING LAB

(Common to elements of Mechanical Engineering Lab In Mechanical Engineering)

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Biogas Plant	1	By Out door visit	
2.	Windmill	1	By Out door visit	
3.	Experimental Solar Cooker Box Type- Instrumented To Measure Temperature its Performance & Temperature At Various Location.	1	500	500
4.	Photo Voltage Solar Cell	1	10000	10000
5.	Throttling & Separating Colorimeter. (Thermal Engg. Lab)	1	10000	10000
6.	Jib Head Key, Flat Key, Saddle Key, Wood Ruff Key, Feather Key Pinkey & A piece of splined shaft.	1 Set	L.S.	500
7.	Pins- Split Pin, Taper Cottor Type Split Pin, Cottor or Cottor Pin, Cottor Bolts; Lewis or Rag Foundation Bolt, Fish Tail & Square Head Foundation Bolts.	1 Set	L.S.	500
8.	Friction Clutches & Couplings -Cone Clutch, Single Plate Muff Coupling, Flange Coupling Universal Coupling or Hooks Joint. Flexible Coupling- Belt & Pin Type, Coil Spring Type.	1 Set	L.S.	2500
9.	Bearings- Plane, Bushed, Split Step, Ball, Rollar Bearings, Thrust Bearings.	1 Set	L.S.	1000
10.	Spur gear Single & Double Helical Gears, Bevel Gears.	1 Set	L.S.	1000
11.	Simple Spur Gear train	1	1500	1500
12.	Compound Gear Train	1	1500	1500
13.	Epicyclic Gear Train	1	2000	2000
14.	Compression & Tension Helical Springs.	1 Each	200	200
15.	Four Bar Mechanism Fitted on a board.	1	1000	1000
16.	Slider Crank Mechanism	1	1000	1000
17.	Whitworth Quick Return Mechanism Fitted on a board.	1	1000	1000

ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY & ELECTRONICS LAB

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	D.C. Shunt Motor 3 Kw. 1500 RPM with 3 Point Starter.	2	10000	20000
2.	D.C. Compound Motor 3 Kw. 1500 RPM	2	10000	20000
3.	Single Phase Transformer 1 KVA 50 Hz. Primary Voltage 230 with tapping at 50%, 86.6 % Facility	2	6000	12000
4.	3 Phase Induction Motor 415 V., 50 Hz, 440 RPM, 3 KVA Star/Delta/Autotransformer Starter.	2	5000	10000
5.	Loading Drum Spring Balance & Belt Arrangement.	2 Set	1000	2000
6.	Tachometer (Analog/Digital)	1	2000	2000
7.	3 Phase Inductive Loading of Variable Nature	1	8000	8000
8.	Single Phase Inductive Loading Variable 0-10 Amp., 50 Hz.	1	8000	8000
9.	Moving Coil Ammeter 0-10 Amp.	8	1000	1000
10.	Moving Coil Voltmeter 0-300 V.	8	1000	8000
11.	Moving Iron Ammeter 0-10 Amp.	8	1000	8000
12.	Moving Iron Voltmeter 0-300 V.	8	1000	8000
13.	Wattmeter Single Phase Dynamo Type 75/300/600 V. 2.5/5 Amp.	4	2500	10000
14.	Three Phase Variable Inductive Loading.	1	8000	8000
15.	Single Phase Variable Inductive Loading with Rheostat.	1	8000	8000
16.	Megger 0-20 Mega Ohm, 500 RPM .			
17.	Flouroscent Tube With Choke.	1	100	100
18.	SCR Bread Board	1	1000	1000
19.	Power Supply 230 V.	1	1000	1000
20.	Moving Coil Ammeter 0-500 M.A.	1	1000	1000

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
21.	Moving Coil Voltmeter 0-250 V.	1	1000	1000
22.	Energy Meter Single Phase 230 V., 5 Amp	1	2000	2000
	Misc.		LS	1500

TEXTILE TESTING LAB

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Baer Sorter (For Fibre Length) Acrylic Transparent Sheet - 6"X8"X2 pices, 3"X8"X2 pcs Fibre Mounting Templest 6"X8"X2 pices, 3"X8"X2 pcs with tweezers, velvet pad, scales, planchass with all complete accessories or Latest Configuration	2	20000	40000
2.	Microscope Digital Mocroscope - Microscope & Ends Counting Equipments- Magnifying Power 5X,10X,20X, 40X,100X lenses Trinocular biological microscope with fibre cross section kit, high resolution CCD camera and imaging software with measurement facilities, Scope of use section of fibre or yarn, analysis of any fibre, yarn and fibre Range : 5X,10X,20X,450X,100X / as per requirements, Focus : Adjustable, Lights - White, Blue, Yellow, Uppper & Lower, Supply - 220 V AC supply Single Phase, with all complete accessories Or Latest Configuration	2	65000	130000
3.	Moisture Meter	1	16000	16000
4.	Wrapreel	2	30000	60000
5.	Wrap Block	2	6000	12000
6.	Beesley Balance	4	7000	28000
7.	Quadrant Balance	2	4000	8000
8.	Lea Strength Tester	1	50000	50000
9.	Single Thread Tester (Digital)	1	100000	100000
10.	R. B. Twist Tester	2	25000	50000
11.	One Inch Twist Tester	2	8000	16000
12.	Take Up Twist Tester Yarn test length : 25 mm to 500 mm adjustable (Metric unit) Or 1" to 20" Maximum adjustable (imperial unit), The test length is automatically taken into account for calculation and final reading is displayed directly in TPM/TPL Range :Upto 60TPL Resolution :1 TPM or 0.01 TPI Motor Speed: Upto 1500 RPM Clamps : Spring loaded clamps at motor end for easy clamping of Yarn Averaging : Reading of at least 10 samples can be stored and average TPM/TPI value is calculated and digital display with pre set device. Supply : 220 V AC, single phase	2	28500	57000

	Suitable for S/Z type of twisted yarn with reset device. Tension weight upto 100 gm adjustable. Yarn spool mounting arrangement at one end of the twist tester with all complete accessories or Latest Configuration		
13.	Fabric Strength Tester (Tensile Strength)	1	50000 50000
14.	Tearing Strength Tester	1	20000 20000
15.	Bursting Strength Tester	1	35000 35000
16.	Abrasion Resistance Tester (Martindale Type)	1	50000 50000
17.	Laundrometer (For washing fastness testing)	1	50000 50000
18.	Crocko Meter	1	10000 10000
19.	Digital Fibrograph Measuring Principle-Optical Measuring Range-12.0 to 45.0 mm Measuring Accuracy - +/- 0.1 mm Result Output-2.5% SL, 50% SL & UR % Front End Language-English Applicable Standard-ASTM D5332, ISO2648 & IS233 Power Supply-Single Phase 220V AC	1	320000 320000
20.	Uster Evenness Tester	1	2000000 2000000
21.	Trash Analyser	1	150000 150000
22.	Conditioning Oven 220 V With capability of maintaining temperature up to 100oC and facility for smooth variation of temperature inside 27 liter.	1	98500 98500
23.	Stelometer (For bundle Strength)	2	70000 140000
24.	Crease Recovery Tester Size of the Test Specimen - 40mm X 15mm, Crease Load : 1Kg. (Stainless Steel), Angle measurement : On an Engraved circular scale graduated in 1 deg., Scale measurement : 0-180 with all complete accessories Or Latest Configuration	2	15000 30000
25.	Water Repellancy Tester	1	80000 80000
26.	Pilling Tester	1	30000 30000
27.	Crimp Rigidity Tester Minor Load - 2 Gr. to 10Gr. in a step of one grams Major Load - 100 Gr. to 500 Gr. in step of 50 Grams Digital display 220 V, with all complete accessories or Latest Configuration	1	20000 20000
28.	Air Permeability Tester	1	35000 35000
29.	Sheffield Micronair (For Fibre Fineness)	1	
30.	Uster Stapler for fibre length	1	
31.	A.N. stapling apparatus for fibre fineness Tester	1	
32.	Miscellaneous Items-Thermometers, L.S. Heating Devices, Thermohydrograph, Whirling Hydrometer, Dry & Wet bulb thermometer, Physical Balance, etc.		
33.	Classimate (Yarn faults finding)	1	900000

	equipments)			
33.	H.V.I. (High Volume Instrument) for various parameter of fibre	1		3500000
34.	Sublimation fastness tester	1		15000
35.	Round Sample of GSM with Electronic balance	1	35000	35000
36.	Stiffness Tester	1	15000	15000
37.	Drapemeter	1	25000	25000
38.	Fabric Thickness Tester	1	8000	8000
39.	A.S.T.M. Cards For Threads/Inch	1		

NOTE:

1. Item No. 17,18,25 and 26 are not required for Textile Technology course.
2. Indian make working laboratory models for costly equipment be purchased if available.

SPINNING LAB

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Blow Room Line With Six Beating Points (Lab Model) Latest Lab Model of blow room line of 10 inch width or more complete with hopper feeder, Scutcher, beaters with adjustment grid bars, latic, Krischner neater, Feed regulatory system, calendar rollers, lap rollers, lap tray with electric control pannel, beating point= 4.5 to 6 with complete accessories or Latest Configuration	1	4200000	4200000
2.	Model of mini carding plant 250 mm working width 250 mm cylinder, doffer, feed roller, opening roller, striping roller, crush roller stainless undercasing, takeup drum suitable for feeding, miniature draw frame with gear and pulleys to drive feed roller, cyliner and doffer and other accessories, Mechanical type possibility of processing 50 gms. per batch 10 "width, metallic wire clothing with complete accessories, Microprocessor based individual drive or Latest Configuration	1 No.	6,50,000=00	
3.	Draw Frame : Having 3 over 3 drafting arrangement to process the silver from miniature carding machine with individual AC variable speed motors with change gears to vary the speeds of front roller, middle and back roller for different Total Draft and break Draft inclusive of motor, rpm indicators control system and other accessories Mechanical type single delivery, 3 over 3 drafting arrangement, range 5-15 draft Microprocessor based or Latest Configuration	1 No.	8,00,000=00	
4.	High Speed Simplex (Lab Model) Latest Lab Model Range :6-12 Spindle Suitable for 110 mm dia package Draft Range=6-18, 3 roller apron drafting arrangement SKF PK 1500, individual AC variable speed motors with control system with automatic stop motion, Inching mechanism, 100 empty PP bobbins with complete accessories and pinion according to draft change with all complete accrssories or Latest Configuration	1	480000	480000
5.	Ring Frame Ring Spinning Frame : No. of Spindle	1	850000	850000

6-12, mechanical speed 25000 rpm,
ring dia - 38 mm, 70mm gauge, 180 mm
lift, SKF PK 2025/2035, 3 over 3
drafting arrangement with short
cradles, for gearing arrangement to
change the total draft, Break draft
and TPI with change gears and other
accessories. Mechanical draft 10-50
Microprocessor based or Latest Configuration

6.	Sliver Lap Machine	1	250000	250000
7.	Ribbon Lap Machine	1	250000	250000
8.	Comber 6/8 Heads	1	800000	800000
9.	Parallel Winding Machine (24 Drums) (Lab Model) Cheese winding :Range 4-8 or more drum, Speed Range- 600-800 y.p.m., Optical cleaner on individual spindle, Steel drum/ Bakelite drum as per parallel winding, 220V, Single phase motor, 100pp cheeses with all complete assessories or latest configuration	1	250000	250000
10.	Yarn Doubling Machine (Lab Model)	1	275000	275000
11.	Hank Reeling Machine	1	15000	15000
12.	Two For One Twister(T.F.O.) TFO type, No. of spindle= range 4-8, 230 mm guage, 150 mm pot dia, suitable for cheese of 170 mm traverse, twist range=3.0 to 45.0, count range 2/8's to 2/80's Ne, Tangential belt drive for S & Z twist both, with automatic shop motorn and other complete accessories, 100 PP empty package with all complete accessories or Latest Configuration	1	800000	800000
13.	Stripping Roller (For Card)	1	5000	5000
14.	Grinding Roller (Transverse wheel Grinder)	1	5000	5000
15.	Metallic Wire Mounting Equipment (With Butt Welder)	1	10000	10000
17.	Assembly Winder	1	250000	250000
18.	Open end spinning M/c of Twelve rotors(Lab Model) Having Range 4-8 head rotor guage-230 mm having 48 mm rotor with OK39/40 opening rollers, automatic stop motion R4/10 navels, built in automatic indicators and quick response sensors to monitor yarn continuity and sliver, trash separator and discharge tunel for better cleaning, Feeding can size of 14" X 42" and take up package cone and cheese both with individual motors with pully to change draft and twist	1	750000	750000

with motors. Electrical PLC system, Computer, UPS, Control system, Drefit range suitable for 2' to 24's and other all complete accessories, draft range-50-200 user friendly menu driven software or Latest Configuration

19.	Laboratory model of melt Spinning Process	1	300000	300000
20.	Laboratory model of wet Spinning Process	1	100000	100000
21.	Draw Texturising Machine (Indian Model)	1	300000	300000

NOTE:-

1. Indian make working laboratory models for the costly equipment mentioned above be purchased if available.

WEAVING LAB

S.No.	Name of Equipment	No.	@ Rs.	Amt.in Rs.
1.	Warp Winding Machines			
	A. Ordinary Machine with 10 Heads	1	50000	50000
	B. Automatic Winding Machine with 10 Heads	1	800000	800000
2.	Pirn Winding Machine with 4 Heads	1	40000	40000
3.	Warping Machines			
	A. Beam Warping Machine (High Speed)	1	300000	300000
	B. Sectional Warping Machine	1	175000	175000
4.	Working Model of Sizing Plant	1	300000	300000
5.	Drawing and Denting Frames (cap. 200 ends) Stainless Screen Frame, Capacity 3200 ends with all Complete Accessories or Latest Configuration	2	10000	20000
6.	Beam Knotting Machine	1	80000	80000
7.	Plane Looms			
	A. Plain Loom For Plain Tappet	1	40000	40000
	B. Plain Loom For Other Weave Tappets	1	45000	45000
8.	Dobby Looms			
	A. Single (Acting) Dobby Loom	1	150000	150000
	B. Double Acting (Double Lift) Dobby Loom	1	150000	150000
9.	Jacquard Looms			
	A. Loom with Single Lift Single Cylinder Jacquard	1	150000	150000
	B. Loom With Single Lift Double Cylinder Jacquard	1	160000	160000
	C. Loom With Double Lift Double Cylinder Jacquard	1	175000	175000
10.	Automatic Weaving Machines			
	A. Automatic Pirn Changing Loom	1	200000	200000
	B. Automatic Shuttle Changing Loom	1	200000	200000
11.	Shuttleless Weaving Machines			
	A. Gripper Type Shuttleless Loom	1	3500000	3500000
	B. Air Jet Weaving Machine	1	1200000	1200000
	C. Water Jet Weaving Machine	1	1200000	1200000
12.	Other Weaving Machines			
	A. Hand Looms	2	15000	30000
	B. Loom With Circular Multiple Box Motion.	1	100000	100000
	C. Loom With Drop Box Multiple Box	1	100000	100000
	D. Loom With Terry Motion	1	150000	150000
	E. Loom With Pick At Will Motion	1	150000	150000
13.	Card Cutting Machine	1	25000	25000
14.	Knitting Machines			
	A. Flat Knitting Machine	1	75000	75000
	B. Circular Knitting Machine	1	75000	75000
15.	Sewing Machine	6	8000	40000
16.	Model of Rapier Looms 20" with winding and warping unit complete set	1	3800000	3800000

NOTE:

1. Indian make working laboratory models for costly equipment be purchased if available.

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER (Common to all Trades)

COMPUTER CENTRE

S.No.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	APPROX. COST (in Rs.)
1.	Core-2 Quad Processor, 4GB RAM 1 GB SATA HDD, 19" TFT Monitor/ Server of Latest Specification OS-Windows 2007/2008/Latest Version	02 Server	1,20,000=00
2.	General Desktop Computer-Intel i5 60 node or Higher(with latest Specification Pre loaded latest Anti Virus with Life time Subscription, Licence Media and Manual with UPS 660 VA with latest window OS Including licence OR Computer of latest Specification With latest window os including licence		36,00,000=00
3.	Software :((Latest Version)		
	i. MS OFFICE 2010/Latest Version		LS LS
	ii COMPILER 'C', C++, JAVA-7		LS LS
4.	Hardware		4,50,000.00 LS
	i. Switch-32 Port		02
	ii. Router		02
	iii. Hub		04(8 Port)
	iv. Ext. Modem		02
	v. Wireless N/W Adaptor		02
	vi. Series Access Point		02
	vii.LAN Cable Meter		05
	viii. LAN Cable Analyzer		05
	ix. Crimping Tool		15
	and all other accessories related to Networking		
5.	Scanner- Flat Bed A4/Auto Lighter (Bit depth 48)	02	20,000
6.	132 Column 600 CPS or faster 9 Pin dot matrix printer with 500 million character head life	02	50,000
7.	Laser Jet-A4 All In one 20 page per min (2 Each)	04	50,000
8.	Desk Jet-A4 Photo Smart (2 Each)	04	40,000
9.	5 KVA on line UPS with minimum 30 minute battery backup along with sealed maintenance free batteries. Provision for connecting external batteries with network connectivity.(For 2 Labs)	04	8,00000

10.	Split Air Conditioner 1.5 tones capacity with ISI mark along with electronic voltage stabilizer with over voltage and time delay circuit	08	35,0000
11.	Room preparation and furniture	LS	
12.	19" rack, 24-port switch. connector RJ-45 Cat-6 cabling for network	LS	10,0000
13.	2 KVA Inverter Cum UPS	02	6,0000
14.	Fire Extinguisher (2 Kg.)	04	15000
15.	Fire Extinguisher (5 Kg.)	04	25000
16.	Vacuum Cleaner	02	25000
17.	LCD Projector 3000 Lumen with all Accessories	02	350000
18.	Pen Drive 16 GB	10	10000
19.	DVD Writer External	02	10000
20.	HDD External 500 GB	02	15000
21.	PAD (Latest Configuration)	02	15000
22.	Broadband For Internet (Speed Min. 8mbps)	04	LS
23.	USB Modem	02	8000
24.	Generator 15 KVA Water Coolant	01	450000

LIST OF LABORATORY EQUIPMENT ENERGY CONSERVATION

Sr. No	Particulars	Qty	Estimated Cost (Rs)
1.	Multimeter	1	17,000
2.	Power Analyzer	1	20,000
3.	Luxmeter	1	5,000
4.	Black Box (for checking lamp efficacy including stand and luxmeter)	1	25,000
5.	Centrifugal pump, 1 kW	1	15,000
6.	Variable Frequency drive	2	50,000
7.	Water Flow meter	1	10,000
8.	Pressure Gauge	1	2,000
9.	Experimental Set up for Valve Throttling vs VFD	1	50,000
10.	Compressor, 20 cfm, single-stage	1	50,000
11.	Air leakage meter	1	18,000
12.	Blower (2 HP)	1	8,000

7.	LEARNING RESOURCE MATERIALS			
1.	LCD Projector with Screen	1	--	20000
2.	Handicam	1	--	30000
3.	Cutting, Binding & Stitching equipment.	1	--	30000
4.	Desk Top Computer with Internet Core i5/i7- 760, Processor, Genuine Windiw 7, Professional 18 inch HD, Flat Panel Monitor Optical Mouse, Key Board & all related media or latest version	1	--	40000
5.	Home Theater Support Disc type CD. CDR/CDRW DVDR/DVDRW, VCD Supported with USB Port Support-DIVX/JPEG/MP3	1	--	25000
6.	Commerical P A System 16 W-220W output, AC & 24V DC Operated, 5 Mic. & 2 Auxilary input, Speaker output 4 Ohm, 8 Ohm, 17 V & 100 V	1	--	20000
7.	Interactive Board	1	--	50000

Note :

1. This center will be only one at the institute level irrespective of all branches.

ANNEXURE - I

PROPOSED GUIDE
FOR
STUDENTS TO PREPARE THEIR INDUSTRIAL VISIT REPORT

1. Name & Address of the unit
2. Date of
 - i. Joining.
 - ii. Leaving.
3. Nature of Industry
 - i. Product & Capacity.
 - ii. Services.
 - iii. Working Hrs.
4. Sections of the unit visited and activities there in.
5. Details of machines/Tools & instruments used in working in the section of the unit visited and its layout.
6. Work procedure in the section visited.
7. Specifications of the product of the section and materials used.
8. Work of repair and maintenance cell.
9. Details of the shops (welding, Foundary, Machines shop etc) related to repair and maintenance work.
10. Name of checking and Inspecting Instruments and their details. Quality controls measures taken.
11. Details of hadraulics/pneumatic/thermal units or appliances used. Material Handling Equipments.
12. Discription of any breakdown and its restoring.
13. Use of computer - if any.
14. Visit of units store, Manner of keeping store items, Their receiving & distribution.
15. Safety measures on work place & working conditions in general - comfortable, convenient & hygeinic.

ANNEXURE - II
TRAINEES ASSESSMENT

The Institute invites the comments on the work & behaviour of student during his stay in the industry from his immediate supervisors on the following points.

1. Name of the trainee
2. Date of
 - i. Joining.
 - ii. Leaving.
3.
 - i. Regularity & Punctuality
 - ii. Sense of responsibility
 - iii. Readiness to work/learn
 - iv. Obedience
 - v. Skill aquired
4. Name of the sections of the unit he attended during his stay.
His activities/worth of being there.
5. Any thing specific

Sinnature of the Assessor

Date :-

Designation

ANNEXURE III

For Community Development work two 15 days camps will be organised during the session in identified villages. The students shall stay in the camps and under the supervision of concerned faculty members shall undertake/execute the assigned works in the following fields.

1. To launch and sustain functional literacy programmes.
2. To train the rural youth in different trades/skills.
3. Training by innovating and improving the efficiency of household gadgets.
4. To control and reduce pollution affecting the social fabric of rural life i.e.
 - Construction of Soak Pits and Sanitary Latrines, Tree Plantation, Social Forestry, Installation of Smokeless Chulhas.
5. To disseminate information on sources of non conventional energy. Installation and maintenance of Solar Street Lights, Solar Photovoltaic Pumps, Wind Mills, Bio Gas Plants etc shall be undertaken.
6. Transfer of appropriate Technology/Demonstration of cheap houses by use of locally available material, treatment of mud walls innovation of mud floor, treatment of thatch roofs etc shall be taken with provisions for training to the villagers.
7. Training and demonstration of new agricultural implements, household gadgets and appliances of non conventional energy.
8. To help the rural youth in preparing project reports to set up industrial units and entrepreneurial development.
9. All community polytechnics shall render repair and maintenance of agricultural implements, appliances of non conventional energy, household gadgets etc and train the rural youth in such skills.

STUDENT ACTIVITIES ON ENERGY CONSERVATION/ENERGY

EFFICIENCY

1. Presentations of Case Studies
2. Debate competitions
3. Poster competitions
4. Industrial visits
5. Visual Aids

COURSE OUTCOMES

After studying this course, a student will be able to co-relate and apply fundamental key concepts of energy conservation and energy management in industry, commercial and residential areas. A student will be able to:

- Define principles and objectives of energy management and energy audit.
- Understand Energy Conservation Act 2001 and its features.
- Understand various forms & elements of energy.
- Identify electrical and thermal utilities. Understand their basic principle of operation and assess performance of various equipments.
- Identify areas of energy conservation and adopt conservation methods in various systems.
- Evaluate the techno economic feasibility of the energy conservation technique adopted.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Teachers are expected to lay considerable stress on understanding the basic concepts in energy conservation, principles and their applications. For this purpose, teachers are expected to give simple problems in the class room so as to develop necessary knowledge for comprehending the basic concepts and principles. As far as possible, the teaching of the subject must be supplemented by demonstrations and practical work in the laboratory. Visits to industries must be carried out. Expert from industry must be invited to deliver talks on energy conservation to students and faculty.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Guide book on General Aspects of Energy Management and Energy Audit by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Government of India. Edition 2015
2. Guide book on Energy Efficiency in Electrical Utilities, by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Government of India. Edition 2015
3. Guide book on Energy Efficiency in Thermal Utilities, by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Government of India. Edition 2015
4. Handbook on Energy Audit & Environmental Management by Y P Abbi&Shashank Jain published by TERI. Latest Edition
5. **Important Links:**
 - (i) Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), Ministry of Power, Government of India. www.beeindia.gov.in.
 - (ii) Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE), Government of India. www.mnre.gov.in.
 - (iii) Uttar Pradesh New and Renewable Energy Agency (UPNEDA), Government of Uttar Pradesh. www.upneda.org.in.

- (iv) **Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)**, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India. www.cpcb.nic.in.
- (v) **Energy Efficiency Services Limited (EESL)**. www.eeslindia.org.
- (vi) Electrical India, Magazine on power and electrical products industry. www.electricalindia.in.

ANNEXURE- IV QUESTIONNAIRE

INSTITUTE OF RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING U.P. KANPUR -208024

SUBJECT: Questionnaire for ascertaining the job potential and activities of diploma holder in Textile Engineering.

PURPOSE: To design and develop Three Year diploma curriculum in Textile Engineering.

NOTE: 1. Please answer the questions to the points given in the questionnaire.
2. Any other point or suggestion not covered in this questionnaire may be written on a separate paper and enclosed with the questionnaire.

1. Name of the organisation: _____

2. Name & Designation of the officer filling the questionnaire _____

3. Name of the department/section/shop _____

4. Important functions of the department/section/shop _____

5. Number of diploma holder employees under your charge in the area of Textile Engineering. _____

6. Please give names of modern equipments/machines handled by a diploma holder in Textile Engineering.

- | | | |
|----|----|----|
| 1. | 2. | 3. |
| 4. | 5. | 6. |

7. What proficiencies are expected from a diploma holder in Textile Engineering.

- | | | |
|----|----|----|
| 1. | 2. | 3. |
| 4. | 5. | 6. |

8. Mention the approximate percentage of the following desired in Diploma teaching.

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------|
| 1. Theoretical knowledge | -----% |
| 2. Practical knowledge | -----% |
| 3. Skill Development | -----% |

9. Do you think " on the job training" / Industrial training

should form a part of curriculum. (Yes/ No)

if yes then

- (a) Duration of training -----
(b) Mode of training 1. Spread over different semesters
2. After completion of course
3. Any other mode

10. What mode of recruitment is followed by your organisation.

1. Academic merit
2. Written test
3. Group discussion
4. Interview
5. On the job test.

11. Mention the capabilities/ Qualities looked for while recruiting diploma holder in Textile Engineering.

- (a) Technical knowledge -----
(b) Practical skill -----
(c) Etiquettes and behaviour -----
(d) Aptitude -----
(e) Health habit and social background -----
(f) Institution where trained -----

12. Does your organisation have any system for the survey of Home articles of different countries/States. Yes/No

13. Does your organisation conduct field survey to know users views regarding. Yes/No

1. Home Articles for different age groups and sex.
 2. Effect of climatic conditions
 3. Any other
- If yes ; Please give brief account of each.

14. Which type of assignment do you suggest for an entrepreneur in Textile Engineering.

15. In which types of organisations can a diploma holder in Textile Engineering can work or serve.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |

16. Job prospects for the diploma holder in Textile Engineering. the next ten years in the state / country.

17. In your opinion what should be the subjects to be taught to a diploma student in Textile Engineering.

Theory Practical

18. Kindly mention particulars regarding topics/areas which should be given more emphasis in the curriculum .

- | | Theory | Practical | |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| 19. | Kindly state whether your organisation can contribute towards improvement of curriculum in above field.
If yes : Please give names of experts in your organisation to whom contact. | | Yes/ No |
| 20. | Kindly give your valuable suggestions for being considered at the time of finalisation of curriculum. | | |
| 21. | What changes in technologies are to be incorporated in the development of curriculum in Textile Engineering. | | |

(Signature)

Kindly mail the above questionnaire duly filled to:-

Yogesh Singh
Professor
Institute of Research, Development & Training, U.P.
Govt. Polytechnic Campus
Kanpur-208024

(Please note that all information in this survey is confidential for the use of curriculum design only)